

Morgan Stanley

Third Addendum to the Base Listing Document dated 18 March 2024 relating to Non-collateralised Structured Products

Issuer

Morgan Stanley Asia Products Limited

(Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with limited liability)

Guarantor

Morgan Stanley

(Incorporated in the State of Delaware, United States of America)

Manager

Morgan Stanley Asia Limited

(Incorporated in Hong Kong)

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This document, for which we and the Guarantor accept full responsibility, includes particulars given in compliance with the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (“**Stock Exchange’s Listing Rules**”) for the purpose of giving information with regard to the Issuer, the Guarantor and the warrants, callable bull/bear contracts (“**CBBCs**”) and any other structured products (together, “**our structured products**”) referred to in this document. The Issuer and the Guarantor, having made all reasonable enquiries, confirm that to the best of their knowledge and belief the information contained in this document, our base listing document dated 18 March 2024 (“**Base Listing Document**”), our first addendum to the Base Listing Document dated 18 April 2024 (“**First Addendum**”) and our second addendum to the Base Listing Document dated 28 May 2024 (“**Second Addendum**”) is accurate and complete in all material respects and not misleading or deceptive, and there are no other matters the omission of which would make any statement herein or these documents, when read together, misleading. This document should be read together with the Base Listing Document, the First Addendum and the Second Addendum.

We, the Issuer of our structured products, are publishing this document in order to obtain a listing on the Stock Exchange of our structured products.

The structured products are complex products. You should exercise caution in relation to them. Investors are warned that the price of the structured products may fall in value as rapidly as it may rise and holders may sustain a total loss of their investment. Prospective purchasers should therefore ensure that they understand the nature of the structured products and carefully study the risk factors set out in the Base Listing Document and, where necessary, seek professional advice, before they invest in the structured products.

The structured products constitute general unsecured contractual obligations of the Issuer and of no other person and the guarantee constitutes the general unsecured contractual obligations of the Guarantor and of no other person and will rank equally among themselves and with all our and the Guarantor’s other unsecured obligations (save for those obligations preferred by law) upon liquidation. If you purchase the structured products, you are relying upon the creditworthiness of the Issuer and the Guarantor, and have no rights under the structured products against (a) the company which has issued the underlying securities, (b) the fund which has issued the underlying securities or its trustee (if applicable) or manager, or (c) the index sponsor of any underlying index or any other person. If the Issuer becomes insolvent or default on its obligations under the structured products or the Guarantor becomes insolvent or defaults on its obligations under the guarantee, you may not be able to recover all or even part of the amount due under the structured products (if any).

The structured products are not bank deposits or protected deposits for the purposes of the Deposit Protection Scheme in Hong Kong and are not insured or guaranteed by the United States Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“**FDIC**”), or any other governmental agency. The structured products are guaranteed by Morgan Stanley and the guarantee will rank *pari passu* with all other direct, unconditional, unsecured and unsubordinated indebtedness of Morgan Stanley.

The distribution of this document, the Base Listing Document, the First Addendum, the Second Addendum, the relevant launch announcement and supplemental listing document, any addendum and the offering, sale and delivery of structured products in certain jurisdictions may be restricted by law. You are required to inform yourselves about and to observe such restrictions. Please read Annex 3 “Purchase and Sale” in the Base Listing Document. The structured products have not been approved or disapproved by the SEC or any state securities commission in the United States or regulatory authority, nor has the SEC or any state securities commission or any regulatory authority passed upon the accuracy or the adequacy of this document. Any representation to the contrary is a criminal offence. **The structured products and the guarantee have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (“Securities Act”), and the structured products may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. Persons (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act).**

Dated 26 August 2024

IMPORTANT

If you are in doubt as to the contents of this document, you should obtain independent professional advice.

This document contains (i) the supplemental information about the Guarantor and (ii) the extracts of the Guarantor's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended 30 June 2024. You should read this document, the Base Listing Document, the First Addendum, the Second Addendum and the relevant launch announcement and supplemental listing document published by us in relation to the particular series of structured products you are considering for investment to understand our structured products before deciding whether to buy our structured products.

Copies of this document, the Base Listing Document, the First Addendum, the Second Addendum and the relevant launch announcement and supplemental listing document (together with a Chinese translation of each of these documents) and other documents listed under the section "Where can I read copies of the Issuer's and Guarantor's documentation?" in the Base Listing Document are available on the website of the Stock Exchange at www.hkexnews.hk and the Issuer's website at www.mswarrants.com.hk.

本文件、基本上市文件、第一份增編、第二份增編及相關發行公佈及補充上市文件(及以上各份文件的英文本)連同基本上市文件的「本人從何處可查閱發行人及擔保人的文件副本?」一節所列的其他文件,可於香港交易所披露易網站(www.hkexnews.hk)以及發行人網站(www.mswarrants.com.hk)瀏覽。

We do not give you investment advice; you must decide for yourself, after reading the listing documents for the relevant structured products and, if necessary, seeking professional advice, whether our structured products meet your investment needs.

Our Guarantor's long term credit ratings (as of the day immediately preceding the date of this document) are: A1 (Stable) by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. and A- (Stable) by S&P Global Ratings.

Save as disclosed in the Base Listing Document, the First Addendum, the Second Addendum and this document, the Issuer and our Guarantor are not aware, to the best of our and our Guarantor's knowledge and belief, of any litigation or claims of material importance pending or threatened against us or our Guarantor.

Save as disclosed in Annex 5 and Annex 6 to the Base Listing Document, the First Addendum, the Second Addendum and this document, there has been no material adverse change in the Issuer's and our Guarantor's financial or trading position since the date of the most recently published audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer and our Guarantor that would have a material adverse effect on the Issuer's and our Guarantor's ability to perform their respective obligations in respect of the structured products.

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**EXTRACT OF THE GUARANTOR'S QUARTERLY REPORT ON
FORM 10-Q FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2024**

This information set out in the following pages has been extracted from the Guarantor's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended 30 June 2024. References to page numbers in this extract are to the pages in the Guarantor's quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended 30 June 2024 and not to the pages in this document.

Consolidated Income Statement (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

<i>in millions, except per share data</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Revenues				
Investment banking	\$ 1,735	\$ 1,155	\$ 3,324	\$ 2,485
Trading	4,131	3,802	8,983	8,279
Investments	157	95	294	240
Commissions and fees	1,183	1,090	2,410	2,329
Asset management	5,424	4,817	10,693	9,545
Other	322	488	588	740
Total non-interest revenues	12,952	11,447	26,292	23,618
Interest income ¹	13,529	10,913	26,459	20,893
Interest expense ¹	11,462	8,903	22,596	16,537
Net interest	2,067	2,010	3,863	4,356
Net revenues	15,019	13,457	30,155	27,974
Provision for credit losses	76	161	70	395
Non-interest expenses				
Compensation and benefits	6,460	6,262	13,156	12,672
Brokerage, clearing and exchange fees	995	875	1,916	1,756
Information processing and communications	1,011	926	1,987	1,841
Professional services	753	767	1,392	1,477
Occupancy and equipment	464	471	905	911
Marketing and business development	245	236	462	483
Other	941	947	1,798	1,867
Total non-interest expenses	10,869	10,484	21,616	21,007
Income before provision for income taxes	4,074	2,812	8,469	6,572
Provision for income taxes	957	591	1,890	1,318
Net income	\$ 3,117	\$ 2,221	\$ 6,579	\$ 5,254
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	41	39	91	92
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 3,076	\$ 2,182	\$ 6,488	\$ 5,162
Preferred stock dividends	134	133	280	277
Earnings applicable to Morgan Stanley common shareholders	\$ 2,942	\$ 2,049	\$ 6,208	\$ 4,885
Earnings per common share				
Basic	\$ 1.85	\$ 1.25	\$ 3.89	\$ 2.98
Diluted	\$ 1.82	\$ 1.24	\$ 3.85	\$ 2.95
Average common shares outstanding				
Basic	1,594	1,635	1,597	1,640
Diluted	1,611	1,651	1,614	1,657

1. Prior period amounts have been adjusted to conform with the current period presentation. See Note 2 for additional information.

Consolidated Comprehensive Income Statement (Unaudited)

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net income	\$ 3,117	\$ 2,221	\$ 6,579	\$ 5,254
Other comprehensive income (loss), net of tax:				
Foreign currency translation adjustments	(142)	(111)	(315)	(91)
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on available-for-sale securities	109	(21)	177	491
Pension and other	9	(1)	13	(2)
Change in net debt valuation adjustment	275	(531)	(288)	(546)
Net change in cash flow hedges	—	(20)	(28)	(13)
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	\$ 251	\$ (684)	\$ (441)	\$ (161)
Comprehensive income	\$ 3,368	\$ 1,537	\$ 6,138	\$ 5,093
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	41	39	91	92
Other comprehensive income (loss) applicable to noncontrolling interests	(46)	(95)	(102)	(114)
Comprehensive income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 3,373	\$ 1,593	\$ 6,149	\$ 5,115

Consolidated Balance Sheet

Morgan Stanley

<i>\$ in millions, except share data</i>	(Unaudited) At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90,160	\$ 89,232
Trading assets at fair value (\$161,797 and \$162,698 were pledged to various parties)	357,043	367,074
Investment securities:		
Available-for-sale at fair value (amortized cost of \$95,042 and \$92,149)	91,238	88,113
Held-to-maturity (fair value of \$53,960 and \$57,453)	64,193	66,694
Securities purchased under agreements to resell (includes \$— and \$7 at fair value)	118,910	110,740
Securities borrowed	122,709	121,091
Customer and other receivables	88,718	80,105
Loans:		
Held for investment (net of allowance for credit losses of \$1,175 and \$1,169)	212,964	203,385
Held for sale	15,283	15,255
Goodwill	16,719	16,707
Intangible assets (net of accumulated amortization of \$5,148 and \$4,847)	6,763	7,055
Other assets	27,747	28,242
Total assets	\$ 1,212,447	\$ 1,193,693
Liabilities		
Deposits (includes \$6,792 and \$6,472 at fair value)	\$ 348,890	\$ 351,804
Trading liabilities at fair value	155,018	151,513
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase (includes \$1,012 and \$1,020 at fair value)	65,677	62,651
Securities loaned	17,078	15,057
Other secured financings (includes \$13,123 and \$9,899 at fair value)	17,140	12,655
Customer and other payables	205,897	208,148
Other liabilities and accrued expenses	25,944	28,151
Borrowings (includes \$97,055 and \$93,900 at fair value)	275,197	263,732
Total liabilities	1,110,841	1,093,711
Commitments and contingent liabilities (see Note 13)		
Equity		
Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity:		
Preferred stock	8,750	8,750
Common stock, \$0.01 par value:		
Shares authorized: 3,500,000,000 ; Shares issued: 2,038,893,979 ; Shares outstanding: 1,619,075,147 and 1,626,828,437	20	20
Additional paid-in capital	29,459	29,832
Retained earnings	101,374	97,996
Employee stock trusts	5,110	5,314
Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	(6,760)	(6,421)
Common stock held in treasury at cost, \$0.01 par value (419,818,832 and 412,065,542 shares)	(32,129)	(31,139)
Common stock issued to employee stock trusts	(5,110)	(5,314)
Total Morgan Stanley shareholders' equity	100,714	99,038
Noncontrolling interests	892	944
Total equity	101,606	99,982
Total liabilities and equity	\$ 1,212,447	\$ 1,193,693

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Total Equity (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Preferred Stock				
Beginning and ending balance	\$ 8,750	\$ 8,750	\$ 8,750	\$ 8,750
Common Stock				
Beginning and ending balance	20	20	20	20
Additional Paid-in Capital				
Beginning balance	29,046	28,856	29,832	29,339
Share-based award activity	413	389	(373)	(94)
Ending balance	29,459	29,245	29,459	29,245
Retained Earnings				
Beginning balance	99,811	96,392	97,996	94,862
Cumulative adjustment related to the adoption of an accounting standard update ¹	—	—	(60)	—
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	3,076	2,182	6,488	5,162
Preferred stock dividends ²	(134)	(133)	(280)	(277)
Common stock dividends ²	(1,377)	(1,292)	(2,767)	(2,597)
Other net increases (decreases)	(2)	2	(3)	1
Ending balance	101,374	97,151	101,374	97,151
Employee Stock Trusts				
Beginning balance	5,250	5,343	5,314	4,881
Share-based award activity	(140)	(85)	(204)	377
Ending balance	5,110	5,258	5,110	5,258
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)				
Beginning balance	(7,057)	(5,711)	(6,421)	(6,253)
Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss)	297	(589)	(339)	(47)
Ending balance	(6,760)	(6,300)	(6,760)	(6,300)
Common Stock Held in Treasury at Cost				
Beginning balance	(31,372)	(27,481)	(31,139)	(26,577)
Share-based award activity	70	98	1,555	1,402
Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings	(827)	(1,097)	(2,545)	(3,305)
Ending balance	(32,129)	(28,480)	(32,129)	(28,480)
Common Stock Issued to Employee Stock Trusts				
Beginning balance	(5,250)	(5,343)	(5,314)	(4,881)
Share-based award activity	140	85	204	(377)
Ending balance	(5,110)	(5,258)	(5,110)	(5,258)
Noncontrolling Interests				
Beginning balance	942	1,128	944	1,090
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	41	39	91	92
Net change in Accumulated other comprehensive income (loss) applicable to noncontrolling interests	(46)	(95)	(102)	(114)
Other net increases (decreases)	(45)	(97)	(41)	(93)
Ending balance	892	975	892	975
Total Equity	\$ 101,606	\$ 101,361	\$ 101,606	\$ 101,361

1. The Firm adopted the *Investments - Tax Credit Structures* accounting standard update on January 1, 2024. Refer to Note 2 for further information.

2. See Note 16 for information regarding dividends per share for each class of stock.

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income	\$ 6,579	\$ 5,254
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation expense	859	981
Depreciation and amortization	2,246	1,862
Provision for credit losses	70	395
Other operating adjustments	75	116
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Trading assets, net of Trading liabilities	10,375	(31,849)
Securities borrowed	(1,618)	(5,752)
Securities loaned	2,021	(2,310)
Customer and other receivables and other assets	(7,736)	3,032
Customer and other payables and other liabilities	(842)	(1,082)
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	(8,170)	15,993
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	3,026	(6,171)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	6,885	(19,531)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Proceeds from (payments for):		
Other assets—Premises, equipment and software	(1,667)	(1,570)
Changes in loans, net	(9,727)	(1,654)
AFS securities:		
Purchases	(18,368)	(6,413)
Proceeds from sales	5,535	4,739
Proceeds from paydowns and maturities	9,531	6,890
HTM securities:		
Purchases	(2,940)	—
Proceeds from paydowns and maturities	5,492	3,386
Other investing activities	(470)	(178)
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	(12,614)	5,200
Cash flows from financing activities		
Net proceeds from (payments for):		
Other secured financings	1,360	(138)
Deposits	(2,941)	(8,134)
Proceeds from issuance of Borrowings	54,470	40,061
Payments for:		
Borrowings	(38,736)	(34,259)
Repurchases of common stock and employee tax withholdings	(2,541)	(3,294)
Cash dividends	(2,963)	(2,785)
Other financing activities	(196)	(232)
Net cash provided by (used for) financing activities	8,453	(8,781)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(1,796)	(21)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	928	(23,133)
Cash and cash equivalents, at beginning of period	89,232	128,127
Cash and cash equivalents, at end of period	\$ 90,160	\$ 104,994
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Cash payments for:		
Interest	\$ 23,020	\$ 19,162
Income taxes, net of refunds	1,043	978

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

1. Introduction and Basis of Presentation

The Firm

Morgan Stanley is a global financial services firm that maintains significant market positions in each of its business segments—Institutional Securities, Wealth Management and Investment Management. Morgan Stanley, through its subsidiaries and affiliates, provides a wide variety of products and services to a large and diversified group of clients and customers, including corporations, governments, financial institutions and individuals. Unless the context otherwise requires, the terms “Morgan Stanley” or the “Firm” mean Morgan Stanley (the “Parent Company”) together with its consolidated subsidiaries. See the “Glossary of Common Terms and Acronyms” for the definition of certain terms and acronyms used throughout this Form 10-Q.

A description of the clients and principal products and services of each of the Firm’s business segments is as follows:

Institutional Securities provides a variety of products and services to corporations, governments, financial institutions and ultra-high net worth clients. Investment Banking services consist of capital raising and financial advisory services, including the underwriting of debt, equity securities and other products, as well as advice on mergers and acquisitions, restructurings and project finance. Our Equity and Fixed Income businesses include sales, financing, prime brokerage, market-making, Asia wealth management services and certain business-related investments. Lending activities include originating corporate loans and commercial real estate loans, providing secured lending facilities, and extending securities-based and other financing to clients. Other activities include research.

Wealth Management provides a comprehensive array of financial services and solutions to individual investors and small to medium-sized businesses and institutions. Wealth Management covers: financial advisor-led brokerage, custody, administrative and investment advisory services; self-directed brokerage services; financial and wealth planning services; workplace services, including stock plan administration; securities-based lending, residential real estate loans and other lending products; banking; and retirement plan services.

Investment Management provides a broad range of investment strategies and products that span geographies, asset classes, and public and private markets to a diverse group of clients across institutional and intermediary channels. Strategies and products, which are offered through a variety of investment vehicles, include equity, fixed income, alternatives and solutions, and liquidity and overlay services. Institutional clients include defined benefit/defined contribution plans, foundations, endowments, government entities, sovereign wealth funds, insurance companies, third-party fund sponsors and corporations. Individual clients are

generally served through intermediaries, including affiliated and non-affiliated distributors.

Basis of Financial Information

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, which requires the Firm to make estimates and assumptions regarding the valuations of certain financial instruments, the valuations of goodwill and intangible assets, the outcome of legal and tax matters, deferred tax assets, ACL, and other matters that affect its financial statements and related disclosures. The Firm believes that the estimates utilized in the preparation of its financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Actual results could differ materially from these estimates.

The Notes are an integral part of the Firm’s financial statements. The Firm has evaluated subsequent events for adjustment to or disclosure in these financial statements through the date of this report and has not identified any recordable or disclosable events not otherwise reported in these financial statements or the notes thereto.

The accompanying financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Firm’s financial statements and notes thereto included in the 2023 Form 10-K. Certain footnote disclosures included in the 2023 Form 10-K have been condensed or omitted from these financial statements as they are not required for interim reporting under U.S. GAAP. The financial statements reflect all adjustments of a normal, recurring nature that are, in the opinion of management, necessary for the fair presentation of the results for the interim period. The results of operations for interim periods are not necessarily indicative of results for the entire year.

Consolidation

The financial statements include the accounts of the Firm, its wholly owned subsidiaries and other entities in which the Firm has a controlling financial interest, including certain VIEs (see Note 14). Intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated. For consolidated subsidiaries that are not wholly owned, the third-party holdings of equity interests are referred to as Noncontrolling interests. The net income attributable to Noncontrolling interests for such subsidiaries is presented as Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests in the income statement. The portion of shareholders’ equity that is attributable to Noncontrolling interests for such subsidiaries is presented as Noncontrolling interests, a component of Total equity, in the balance sheet.

For a discussion of the Firm’s significant regulated U.S. and international subsidiaries and its involvement with VIEs, see Note 1 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

2. Significant Accounting Policies

For a detailed discussion about the Firm's significant accounting policies and for further information on accounting updates adopted in the prior year, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

In the first quarter of 2024, the Firm implemented certain presentation changes that impacted interest income and interest expense but had no effect on net interest income. These changes were made to align the accounting treatment between the balance sheet and the related interest income or expense, primarily by offsetting interest income and expense for certain prime brokerage-related customer receivables and payables that are currently accounted for as a single unit of account on the balance sheet. The current and previous presentation of these interest income and interest expense amounts are acceptable and the change does not represent a change in accounting principle. These changes were applied retrospectively to the income statement in 2023 and accordingly, prior period amounts were adjusted to conform with the current presentation.

During the six months ended June 30, 2024 there were no significant updates to the Firm's significant accounting policies, other than for the accounting update adopted.

Accounting Updates Adopted in 2024

Investments - Tax Credit Structures

The Firm adopted the *Investments - Equity Method and Joint Ventures - Tax Credit Structures* accounting update on January 1, 2024 using the modified retrospective method. This accounting update permits an election to account for tax equity investments using the proportional amortization method if certain conditions are met. Under the proportional amortization method, the initial cost of the investment is amortized in proportion to the income tax credits and other income tax benefits received and recognized net in the income statement as a component of provision for income taxes. The update requires a separate accounting policy election to be made for each tax credit program. Additional disclosures are required regarding (i) the nature of our tax equity investments and (ii) the effect of our tax equity investments and related income tax credits on the financial condition and results of operations (see Note 10).

The adoption resulted in a decrease to Retained earnings of \$60 million as of January 1, 2024, net of tax, and a corresponding reduction to Other assets.

3. Cash and Cash Equivalents

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Cash and due from banks	\$ 6,626	\$ 7,323
Interest bearing deposits with banks	83,534	81,909
Total Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90,160	\$ 89,232
Restricted cash	\$ 29,044	\$ 30,571

For additional information on cash and cash equivalents, including restricted cash, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

4. Fair Values

Recurring Fair Value Measurements

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total
Assets at fair value					
Trading assets:					
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 55,809	\$ 50,739	\$ —	\$ —	\$106,548
Other sovereign government obligations	33,634	9,237	74	—	42,945
State and municipal securities	—	2,712	—	—	2,712
MABS	—	1,806	423	—	2,229
Loans and lending commitments ²	—	7,273	2,176	—	9,449
Corporate and other debt	—	36,889	1,925	—	38,814
Corporate equities ^{3,5}	105,247	1,308	217	—	106,772
Derivative and other contracts:					
Interest rate	2,415	133,091	572	—	136,078
Credit	—	8,804	386	—	9,190
Foreign exchange	50	79,109	—	—	79,159
Equity	1,080	74,519	622	—	76,221
Commodity and other	1,917	11,578	2,717	—	16,212
Netting ¹	(4,816)	(232,020)	(792)	(40,627)	(278,255)
Total derivative and other contracts	646	75,081	3,505	(40,627)	38,605
Investments ^{4,5}	998	881	843	—	2,722
Physical commodities	—	575	—	—	575
Total trading assets ⁴	196,334	186,501	9,163	(40,627)	351,371
Investment securities—AFS	62,777	28,461	—	—	91,238
Total assets at fair value	\$259,111	\$214,962	\$ 9,163	\$(40,627)	\$442,609

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total
Liabilities at fair value					
Deposits	\$ —	\$ 6,758	\$ 34	\$ —	\$ 6,792
Trading liabilities:					
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	22,448	28	—	—	22,476
Other sovereign government obligations	27,708	1,725	2	—	29,435
Corporate and other debt	—	12,473	12	—	12,485
Corporate equities ³	58,013	217	28	—	58,258
Derivative and other contracts:					
Interest rate	2,345	123,736	310	—	126,391
Credit	—	9,328	262	—	9,590
Foreign exchange	218	73,141	118	—	73,477
Equity	1,180	89,144	1,677	—	92,001
Commodity and other	1,961	10,934	1,514	—	14,409
Netting ¹	(4,816)	(232,020)	(792)	(45,877)	(283,505)
Total derivative and other contracts	888	74,263	3,089	(45,877)	32,363
Total trading liabilities	109,057	88,706	3,131	(45,877)	155,017
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	—	563	449	—	1,012
Other secured financings	—	13,032	91	—	13,123
Borrowings	—	95,079	1,976	—	97,055
Total liabilities at fair value	\$109,057	\$204,138	\$ 5,681	\$(45,877)	\$272,999

\$ in millions	At December 31, 2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total
Assets at fair value					
Trading assets:					
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 56,459	\$ 53,741	\$ —	\$ —	\$110,200
Other sovereign government obligations	22,580	9,946	94	—	32,620
State and municipal securities	—	2,148	34	—	2,182
MABS	—	1,540	489	—	2,029
Loans and lending commitments ²	—	6,122	2,066	—	8,188
Corporate and other debt	—	35,833	1,983	—	37,816
Corporate equities ^{3,5}	126,772	929	199	—	127,900
Derivative and other contracts:					
Interest rate	7,284	140,139	784	—	148,207
Credit	—	10,244	393	—	10,637
Foreign exchange	12	93,218	20	—	93,250
Equity	2,169	55,319	587	—	58,075
Commodity and other	1,608	11,862	2,811	—	16,281
Netting ¹	(7,643)	(237,497)	(1,082)	(42,915)	(289,137)
Total derivative and other contracts	3,430	73,285	3,513	(42,915)	37,313
Investments ⁴	781	836	949	—	2,566
Physical commodities	—	736	—	—	736
Total trading assets ⁴	210,022	185,116	9,327	(42,915)	361,550
Investment securities—AFS	57,405	30,708	—	—	88,113
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	—	7	—	—	7
Total assets at fair value	\$267,427	\$215,831	\$ 9,327	\$(42,915)	\$449,670

\$ in millions	At December 31, 2023				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Netting ¹	Total
Liabilities at fair value					
Deposits	\$ —	\$ 6,439	\$ 33	\$ —	\$ 6,472
Trading liabilities:					
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	27,708	16	—	—	27,724
Other sovereign government obligations	26,829	3,955	6	—	30,790
Corporate and other debt	—	10,560	9	—	10,569
Corporate equities ³	46,809	300	45	—	47,154
Derivative and other contracts:					
Interest rate	8,000	129,983	857	—	138,840
Credit	—	10,795	297	—	11,092
Foreign exchange	96	89,880	385	—	90,361
Equity	2,411	64,794	1,689	—	68,894
Commodity and other	1,642	11,904	1,521	—	15,067
Netting ¹	(7,643)	(237,497)	(1,082)	(42,757)	(288,979)
Total derivative and other contracts	4,506	69,859	3,667	(42,757)	35,275
Total trading liabilities	105,852	84,690	3,727	(42,757)	151,512
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	—	571	449	—	1,020
Other secured financings	—	9,807	92	—	9,899
Borrowings	—	92,022	1,878	—	93,900
Total liabilities at fair value	\$105,852	\$193,529	\$ 6,179	\$(42,757)	\$262,803

MABS—Mortgage- and asset-backed securities

- For positions with the same counterparty that cross over the levels of the fair value hierarchy, both counterparty netting and cash collateral netting are included in the column titled "Netting." Positions classified within the same level that are with the same counterparty are netted within that level. For further information on derivative instruments and hedging activities, see Note 6.
- For a further breakdown by type, see the following Detail of Loans and Lending Commitments at Fair Value table.
- For trading purposes, the Firm holds or sells short equity securities issued by entities in diverse industries and of varying sizes.
- Amounts exclude certain investments that are measured based on NAV per share, which are not classified in the fair value hierarchy. For additional disclosure about such investments, see "Net Asset Value Measurements" herein.
- At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the Firm's Trading assets included an insignificant amount of equity securities subject to contractual sale restrictions that generally prohibit the Firm from selling the security for a period of time as of the measurement date.

Detail of Loans and Lending Commitments at Fair Value

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Commercial Real Estate	\$ 411	\$ 422
Residential Real Estate	3,313	2,909
Securities-based lending and Other loans	5,725	4,857
Total	\$ 9,449	\$ 8,188

Unsettled Fair Value of Futures Contracts¹

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Customer and other receivables (payables), net	\$ 1,638	\$ 1,062

- These contracts are primarily Level 1, actively traded, valued based on quoted prices from the exchange and are excluded from the previous recurring fair value tables.

For a description of the valuation techniques applied to the Firm's major categories of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis, see Note 4 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K. During the current quarter,

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

there were no significant revisions made to the Firm's valuation techniques.

Rollforward of Level 3 Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
U.S. Treasury and agency securities				
Beginning balance	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 17
Sales	—	(1)	—	(17)
Ending balance	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Other sovereign government obligations				
Beginning balance	\$ 64	\$ 196	\$ 94	\$ 169
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	—	3	(3)	6
Purchases	23	6	27	29
Sales	(30)	(44)	(49)	(73)
Net transfers	17	(33)	5	(3)
Ending balance	\$ 74	\$ 128	\$ 74	\$ 128
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 4
State and municipal securities				
Beginning balance	\$ 102	\$ 3	\$ 34	\$ 145
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	—	1	—	3
Purchases	—	45	2	50
Sales	—	(100)	(33)	(130)
Net transfers	(102)	91	(3)	(28)
Ending balance	\$ —	\$ 40	\$ —	\$ 40
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 3
MABS				
Beginning balance	\$ 457	\$ 454	\$ 489	\$ 416
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	10	7	17	15
Purchases	56	42	118	177
Sales	(118)	(44)	(154)	(160)
Net transfers	18	27	(47)	38
Ending balance	\$ 423	\$ 486	\$ 423	\$ 486
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ (3)	\$ 7	\$ (2)	\$ 14
Loans and lending commitments				
Beginning balance	\$ 1,895	\$ 2,057	\$ 2,066	\$ 2,017
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	6	(34)	(2)	(70)
Purchases and originations	1,022	656	1,382	924
Sales	(709)	(256)	(1,022)	(290)
Settlements	(38)	(177)	(160)	(236)
Net transfers	—	154	(88)	55
Ending balance	\$ 2,176	\$ 2,400	\$ 2,176	\$ 2,400
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ (2)	\$ (57)	\$ (15)	\$ (86)

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Corporate and other debt				
Beginning balance	\$ 2,042	\$ 2,243	\$ 1,983	\$ 2,096
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(143)	(43)	9	41
Purchases and originations	904	134	1,164	330
Sales	(830)	(239)	(997)	(401)
Settlements	—	—	(11)	—
Net transfers	(48)	128	(223)	157
Ending balance	\$ 1,925	\$ 2,223	\$ 1,925	\$ 2,223
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ (24)	\$ (31)	\$ 45	\$ 77
Corporate equities				
Beginning balance	\$ 268	\$ 144	\$ 199	\$ 116
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(6)	(24)	(70)	(24)
Purchases	115	18	256	35
Sales	(164)	(22)	(168)	(30)
Net transfers	4	50	—	69
Ending balance	\$ 217	\$ 166	\$ 217	\$ 166
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ —	\$ (21)	\$ (6)	\$ (17)
Investments				
Beginning balance	\$ 970	\$ 955	\$ 949	\$ 923
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	(9)	(11)	11	8
Purchases	9	100	24	147
Sales	(139)	(84)	(142)	(107)
Net transfers	12	8	1	(3)
Ending balance	\$ 843	\$ 968	\$ 843	\$ 968
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ (13)	\$ (16)	\$ (18)	\$ (2)
Investment securities—AFS				
Beginning balance	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 35
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	—	—	—	1
Net transfers	—	—	—	(36)
Ending balance	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
Net derivatives: Interest rate				
Beginning balance	\$ 48	\$ (217)	\$ (73)	\$ (151)
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	32	116	156	(174)
Purchases	31	2	43	8
Issuances	(28)	(6)	(37)	(4)
Settlements	55	32	(84)	282
Net transfers	124	122	257	88
Ending balance	\$ 262	\$ 49	\$ 262	\$ 49
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ 47	\$ (30)	\$ 64	\$ 8

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Net derivatives: Credit				
Beginning balance	\$ 127	\$ 48	\$ 96	\$ 110
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	6	40	(6)	7
Settlements	4	(6)	28	(19)
Net transfers	(13)	14	6	(2)
Ending balance	\$ 124	\$ 96	\$ 124	\$ 96
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ 12	\$ 47	\$ (3)	\$ 11
Net derivatives: Foreign exchange				
Beginning balance	\$ 20	\$ 66	\$ (365)	\$ 66
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	288	18	224	(40)
Issuances	—	—	—	(2)
Settlements	(335)	19	(44)	38
Net transfers	(91)	(75)	67	(34)
Ending balance	\$ (118)	\$ 28	\$ (118)	\$ 28
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ 128	\$ 25	\$ 91	\$ (32)
Net derivatives: Equity				
Beginning balance	\$ (989)	\$ (777)	\$ (1,102)	\$ (736)
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	250	(100)	655	(50)
Purchases	141	57	204	99
Issuances	(351)	(208)	(547)	(320)
Settlements	(153)	68	(78)	97
Net transfers	47	185	(187)	135
Ending balance	\$ (1,055)	\$ (775)	\$ (1,055)	\$ (775)
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ 198	\$ (102)	\$ 629	\$ (115)
Net derivatives: Commodity and other				
Beginning balance	\$ 1,210	\$ 1,599	\$ 1,290	\$ 1,083
Realized and unrealized gains (losses)	375	195	718	604
Purchases	202	1	269	36
Issuances	(106)	(7)	(116)	(27)
Settlements	(434)	(126)	(695)	(205)
Net transfers	(44)	(246)	(263)	(75)
Ending balance	\$ 1,203	\$ 1,416	\$ 1,203	\$ 1,416
Unrealized gains (losses)	\$ (7)	\$ 39	\$ 26	\$ 287
Deposits				
Beginning balance	\$ 51	\$ 29	\$ 33	\$ 20
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)	(1)	14	(1)	19
Issuances	2	—	3	—
Settlements	(2)	—	(1)	—
Net transfers	(16)	(7)	—	(3)
Ending balance	\$ 34	\$ 36	\$ 34	\$ 36
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$ (1)	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ —
Nonderivative trading liabilities				
Beginning balance	\$ 73	\$ 160	\$ 60	\$ 74
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)	(25)	—	(22)	(12)
Purchases	(38)	(82)	(58)	(127)
Sales	48	24	61	120
Net transfers	(16)	(13)	1	34
Ending balance	\$ 42	\$ 89	\$ 42	\$ 89
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ —	\$ (12)

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase				
Beginning balance	\$ 460	\$ 514	\$ 449	\$ 512
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)	(11)	(3)	—	7
Issuances	—	—	—	1
Settlements	—	—	—	(9)
Net transfers	—	(57)	—	(57)
Ending balance	\$ 449	\$ 454	\$ 449	\$ 454
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$ (11)	\$ (4)	\$ —	\$ 7
Other secured financings				
Beginning balance	\$ 74	\$ 115	\$ 92	\$ 91
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)	—	1	(4)	3
Issuances	31	2	38	43
Settlements	(22)	(28)	(43)	(47)
Net transfers	8	—	8	—
Ending balance	\$ 91	\$ 90	\$ 91	\$ 90
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$ —	\$ 1	\$ (4)	\$ 3
Borrowings				
Beginning balance	\$ 2,027	\$ 1,649	\$ 1,878	\$ 1,587
Realized and unrealized losses (gains)	(108)	1	(60)	44
Issuances	172	257	267	512
Settlements	(130)	(52)	(150)	(181)
Net transfers	15	(68)	41	(175)
Ending balance	\$ 1,976	\$ 1,787	\$ 1,976	\$ 1,787
Unrealized losses (gains)	\$ (105)	\$ (1)	\$ (62)	\$ 26
Portion of Unrealized losses (gains) recorded in OCI—Change in net DVA	(9)	11	4	22

Level 3 instruments may be hedged with instruments classified in Level 1 and Level 2. The realized and unrealized gains or losses for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category presented in the previous tables do not reflect the related realized and unrealized gains or losses on hedging instruments that have been classified by the Firm within the Level 1 and/or Level 2 categories.

The unrealized gains (losses) during the period for assets and liabilities within the Level 3 category may include changes in fair value during the period that were attributable to both observable and unobservable inputs. Total realized and unrealized gains (losses) are primarily included in Trading revenues in the income statement.

Additionally, in the previous tables, consolidations of VIEs are included in Purchases, and deconsolidations of VIEs are included in Settlements.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

Significant Unobservable Inputs Used in Recurring and Nonrecurring Level 3 Fair Value Measurements

Valuation Techniques and Unobservable Inputs

	Balance / Range (Average ¹)	
<i>\$ in millions, except inputs</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Assets at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis		
Other sovereign government obligations		
	\$ 74	\$ 94
Comparable pricing:		
Bond price	70 to 100 points (80 points)	61 to 110 points (87 points)
MABS	\$ 423	\$ 489
Comparable pricing:		
Bond price	1 to 88 points (59 points)	0 to 88 points (61 points)
Loans and lending commitments		
	\$ 2,176	\$ 2,066
Margin loan model:		
Margin loan rate	2% to 4% (3%)	2% to 4% (3%)
Comparable pricing:		
Loan price	83 to 101 points (95 points)	85 to 102 points (98 points)
Corporate and other debt		
	\$ 1,925	\$ 1,983
Comparable pricing:		
Bond price	29 to 128 points (83 points)	28 to 135 points (82 points)
Discounted cash flow:		
Loss given default	54% to 84% (62% / 54%)	54% to 84% (62% / 54%)
Corporate equities	\$ 217	\$ 199
Comparable pricing:		
Equity price	100%	100%
Investments	\$ 843	\$ 949
Discounted cash flow:		
WACC	12% to 18% (16%)	16% to 18% (17%)
Exit multiple	9 to 10 times (10 times)	9 to 17 times (15 times)
Market approach:		
EBITDA multiple	23 times	22 times
Comparable pricing:		
Equity price	24% to 100% (81%)	24% to 100% (86%)
Net derivative and other contracts:		
Interest rate	\$ 262	\$ (73)
Option model:		
IR volatility skew	74% to 91% (79% / 79%)	70% to 100% (81% / 93%)
IR curve correlation	54% to 98% (82% / 83%)	49% to 99% (77% / 79%)
Comparable pricing:		
Bond volatility	N/M	79% to 85% (82% / 85%)
Inflation volatility	31% to 70% (45% / 41%)	27% to 70% (43% / 39%)
Credit	\$ 124	\$ 96
Credit default swap model:		
Cash-synthetic basis	7 points	7 points
Bond price	0 to 92 points (46 points)	0 to 92 points (46 points)
Credit spread	10 to 360 bps (86 bps)	10 to 404 bps (94 bps)
Funding spread	18 to 590 bps (110 bps)	18 to 590 bps (67 bps)

	Balance / Range (Average ¹)	
<i>\$ in millions, except inputs</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Foreign exchange²	\$ (118)	\$ (365)
Option model:		
IR curve	-1% to 13% (4% / 3%)	-4% to 26% (7% / 5%)
Foreign exchange volatility skew	N/M	-3% to 12% (2% / 0%)
Contingency probability	70% to 95% (87% / 95%)	95%
Equity²	\$ (1,055)	\$ (1,102)
Option model:		
Equity volatility	11% to 93% (25%)	6% to 97% (23%)
Equity volatility skew	-1% to 0% (0%)	-1% to 0% (0%)
Equity correlation	16% to 93% (55%)	25% to 97% (49%)
FX correlation	-60% to 60% (-15%)	-79% to 40% (-28%)
IR correlation	-10% to 5% (2%)	10% to 30% (15%)
Commodity and other		
	\$ 1,203	\$ 1,290
Option model:		
Forward power price	\$0 to \$168 (\$49) per MWh	\$0 to \$220 (\$49) per MWh
Commodity volatility	17% to 165% (37%)	8% to 123% (31%)
Cross-commodity correlation	55% to 99% (92%)	54% to 100% (94%)
Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis		
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		
	\$ 449	\$ 449
Discounted cash flow:		
Funding spread	8 to 136 bps (49 / 39 bps)	28 to 135 bps (79 bps)
Other secured financings	\$ 91	\$ 92
Comparable pricing:		
Loan price	23 to 100 points (65 points)	22 to 101 points (76 points)
Borrowings	\$ 1,976	\$ 1,878
Option model:		
Equity volatility	7% to 64% (21%)	6% to 69% (13%)
Equity volatility skew	-1% to 0% (0%)	-2% to 0% (0%)
Equity correlation	17% to 94% (62%)	41% to 97% (79%)
Equity - FX correlation	-60% to 48% (-32%)	-65% to 40% (-30%)
IR curve correlation	68% to 99% (81% / 79%)	50% to 89% (71% / 70%)
Credit default swap model:		
Credit spread	363 to 526 bps (445 bps)	N/M
Discounted cash flow:		
Loss given default	54% to 84% (62% / 54%)	54% to 84% (62% / 54%)
Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurement		
Loans	\$ 4,855	\$ 4,532
Corporate loan model:		
Credit spread	109 to 9415 bps (1180 bps)	99 to 1467 bps (1015 bps)
Comparable pricing:		
Loan price	29 to 88 points (65 points)	25 to 93 points (70 points)
Warehouse model:		
Credit spread	119 to 269 bps (163 bps)	115 to 268 bps (185 bps)

Points—Percentage of par
IR—Interest rate
FX—Foreign exchange

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

1. A single amount is disclosed for range and average when there is no significant difference between the minimum, maximum and average. Amounts represent weighted averages except where simple averages and the median of the inputs are more relevant.
2. Includes derivative contracts with multiple risks (*i.e.*, hybrid products).

The previous table provides information on the valuation techniques, significant unobservable inputs, and the ranges and averages for each major category of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring and nonrecurring basis with a significant Level 3 balance. The level of aggregation and breadth of products cause the range of inputs to be wide and not evenly distributed across the inventory of financial instruments. Further, the range of unobservable inputs may differ across firms in the financial services industry because of diversity in the types of products included in each firm's inventory. Generally, there are no predictable relationships between multiple significant unobservable inputs attributable to a given valuation technique.

For a description of the Firm's significant unobservable inputs and qualitative information about the effect of hypothetical changes in the values of those inputs, see Note 4 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K. During the current quarter, there were no significant revisions made to the descriptions of the Firm's significant unobservable inputs.

Net Asset Value Measurements

Fund Interests

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
	Carrying Value	Commitment	Carrying Value	Commitment
Private equity	\$ 2,570	\$ 648	\$ 2,685	\$ 720
Real estate	3,030	226	2,765	240
Hedge	72	3	74	3
Total	\$ 5,672	\$ 877	\$ 5,524	\$ 963

Amounts in the previous table represent the Firm's carrying value of general and limited partnership interests in fund investments, as well as any related performance-based income in the form of carried interest. The carrying amounts are measured based on the NAV of the fund taking into account the distribution terms applicable to the interest held. This same measurement applies whether the fund investments are accounted for under the equity method or fair value.

For a description of the Firm's investments in private equity funds, real estate funds and hedge funds, which are measured based on NAV, see Note 4 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

See Note 13 for information regarding general partner guarantees, which include potential obligations to return performance fee distributions previously received. See Note 19 for information regarding unrealized carried interest at risk of reversal.

Nonredeemable Funds by Contractual Maturity

\$ in millions	Carrying Value at June 30, 2024	
	Private Equity	Real Estate
Less than 5 years	\$ 1,107	\$ 1,808
5-10 years	1,365	1,152
Over 10 years	98	70
Total	\$ 2,570	\$ 3,030

Nonrecurring Fair Value Measurements

Assets and Liabilities Measured at Fair Value on a Nonrecurring Basis

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		
	Level 2	Level 3 ¹	Total
Assets			
Loans	\$ 2,938	\$ 4,855	\$ 7,793
Other assets—Other investments	—	58	58
Total	\$ 2,938	\$ 4,913	\$ 7,851
Liabilities			
Other liabilities and accrued expenses—Lending commitments	\$ 58	\$ 44	\$ 102
Total	\$ 58	\$ 44	\$ 102

\$ in millions	At December 31, 2023		
	Level 2	Level 3 ¹	Total
Assets			
Loans	\$ 4,215	\$ 4,532	\$ 8,747
Other assets—Other investments	—	4	4
Other assets—ROU assets	23	—	23
Total	\$ 4,238	\$ 4,536	\$ 8,774
Liabilities			
Other liabilities and accrued expenses—Lending commitments	\$ 110	\$ 60	\$ 170
Total	\$ 110	\$ 60	\$ 170

1. For significant Level 3 balances, refer to "Significant Unobservable Inputs Used in Recurring and Nonrecurring Level 3 Fair Value Measurements" section herein for details of the significant unobservable inputs used for nonrecurring fair value measurement.

Gains (Losses) from Nonrecurring Fair Value Remeasurements¹

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Assets				
Loans ²	\$ (109)	\$ (87)	\$ (131)	\$ (116)
Other assets—Other investments ³	(7)	(1)	(7)	(1)
Other assets—Premises, equipment and software ⁴	(2)	(1)	(2)	(4)
Other assets—ROU assets ⁵	—	(10)	—	(10)
Total	\$ (118)	\$ (99)	\$ (140)	\$ (131)
Liabilities				
Other liabilities and accrued expenses—Lending commitments ²	\$ (2)	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$ 30
Total	\$ (2)	\$ 5	\$ 1	\$ 30

1. Gains and losses for Loans and Other assets—Other investments are classified in Other revenues. For other items, gains and losses are recorded in Other revenues if the item is held for sale; otherwise, they are recorded in Other expenses.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

- Nonrecurring changes in the fair value of loans and lending commitments, which exclude the impact of related economic hedges, are calculated as follows: for the held-for-investment category, based on the value of the underlying collateral; and for the held-for-sale category, based on recently executed transactions, market price quotations, valuation models that incorporate market observable inputs where possible, such as comparable loan or debt prices and CDS spread levels adjusted for any basis difference between cash and derivative instruments, or default recovery analysis where such transactions and quotations are unobservable.
- Losses related to Other assets—Other investments were determined using techniques that included discounted cash flow models, methodologies that incorporate multiples of certain comparable companies and recently executed transactions.
- Losses related to Other assets—Premises, equipment and software generally include impairments as well as write-offs related to the disposal of certain assets.
- Losses related to Other Assets—ROU assets include impairments related to the discontinued leased properties

Financial Instruments Not Measured at Fair Value

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024				
	Carrying Value	Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 90,160	\$ 90,160	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 90,160
Investment securities—HTM	64,193	17,777	34,957	1,226	53,960
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	118,910	—	117,016	1,902	118,918
Securities borrowed	122,709	—	122,709	—	122,709
Customer and other receivables	82,186	—	78,022	3,952	81,974
Loans ^{1,2}					
Held for investment	212,964	—	16,802	188,031	204,833
Held for sale	15,283	—	8,025	7,351	15,376
Other assets	704	—	704	—	704
Financial liabilities					
Deposits	\$ 342,098	\$ —	\$ 342,143	\$ —	\$ 342,143
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	64,665	—	64,645	—	64,645
Securities loaned	17,078	—	17,078	—	17,078
Other secured financings	4,017	—	4,015	—	4,015
Customer and other payables	205,520	—	205,520	—	205,520
Borrowings	178,142	—	180,435	97	180,532
		Commitment Amount			
Lending commitments ³	\$ 159,471	\$ —	\$ 1,218	\$ 813	\$ 2,031

\$ in millions	Carrying Value	At December 31, 2023			
		Fair Value			
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 89,232	\$ 89,232	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 89,232
Investment securities—HTM	66,694	21,937	34,411	1,105	57,453
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	110,733	—	108,099	2,674	110,773
Securities borrowed	121,091	—	121,091	—	121,091
Customer and other receivables	74,337	—	70,110	4,031	74,141
Loans ^{1,2}					
Held for investment	203,385	—	20,125	176,291	196,416
Held for sale	15,255	—	8,652	6,672	15,324
Other assets	704	—	704	—	704
Financial liabilities					
Deposits	\$ 345,332	\$ —	\$ 345,391	\$ —	\$ 345,391
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	61,631	—	61,621	—	61,621
Securities loaned	15,057	—	15,055	—	15,055
Other secured financings	2,756	—	2,756	—	2,756
Customer and other payables	208,015	—	208,015	—	208,015
Borrowings	169,832	—	171,009	4	171,013
		Commitment Amount			
Lending commitments ³	\$ 149,464	\$ —	\$ 1,338	\$ 749	\$ 2,087

- Amounts include loans measured at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.
- Loans amounts have been disaggregated into HFI and HFS for the first time in the fourth quarter of 2023. Prior period amounts have been revised to match the current period presentation.
- Represents Lending commitments accounted for as Held for Investment and Held for Sale. For a further discussion on lending commitments, see Note 13.

The previous tables exclude all non-financial assets and liabilities, such as Goodwill and Intangible assets, and certain financial instruments, such as equity method investments and certain receivables.

5. Fair Value Option

The Firm has elected the fair value option for certain eligible instruments that are risk managed on a fair value basis to mitigate income statement volatility caused by measurement basis differences between the elected instruments and their associated risk management transactions or to eliminate complexities of applying certain accounting models.

Borrowings Measured at Fair Value on a Recurring Basis

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Business Unit Responsible for Risk Management		
Equity	\$ 48,186	\$ 46,073
Interest rates	31,490	31,055
Commodities	13,463	12,798
Credit	2,388	2,400
Foreign exchange	1,528	1,574
Total	\$ 97,055	\$ 93,900

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

Net Revenues from Borrowings under the Fair Value Option

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Trading revenues	\$ 949	\$ (513)	\$ 835	\$ (4,891)
Interest expense	155	119	299	227
Net revenues¹	\$ 794	\$ (632)	\$ 536	\$ (5,118)

1. Amounts do not reflect any gains or losses from related economic hedges.

Gains (losses) from changes in fair value are recorded in Trading revenues and are mainly attributable to movements in the reference price or index, interest rates or foreign exchange rates.

Gains (Losses) Due to Changes in Instrument-Specific Credit Risk

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2024		2023	
	Trading Revenues	OCI	Trading Revenues	OCI
Loans and other receivables ¹	\$ (24)	\$ —	\$ (61)	\$ —
Lending commitments	2	—	—	—
Deposits	—	15	—	(76)
Borrowings	(7)	347	(3)	(625)

\$ in millions	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2024		2023	
	Trading Revenues	OCI	Trading Revenues	OCI
Loans and other receivables ¹	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ (104)	\$ —
Lending commitments	(1)	—	11	—
Deposits	—	11	—	17
Borrowings	(17)	(390)	(9)	(742)

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
	Cumulative pre-tax DVA gain (loss) recognized in AOCI	\$ (2,545)

1. Loans and other receivables-specific credit gains (losses) were determined by excluding the non-credit components of gains and losses.

Difference Between Contractual Principal and Fair Value¹

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
	Loans and other receivables ²	\$ 10,304
Nonaccrual loans ²	7,575	8,566
Borrowings ³	3,621	3,030

- Amounts indicate contractual principal greater than or (less than) fair value.
- The majority of the difference between principal and fair value amounts for loans and other receivables relates to distressed debt positions purchased at amounts well below par.
- Excludes borrowings where the repayment of the initial principal amount fluctuates based on changes in a reference price or index.

The previous tables exclude non-recourse debt from consolidated VIEs, liabilities related to transfers of financial assets treated as collateralized financings, pledged commodities and other liabilities that have specified assets attributable to them.

Fair Value Loans on Nonaccrual Status

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
	Nonaccrual loans	\$ 449
Nonaccrual loans 90 or more days past due	21	75

6. Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities

Fair Values of Derivative Contracts

\$ in millions	Assets at June 30, 2024			
	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	Exchange-Traded	Total
Designated as accounting hedges				
Interest rate	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3
Foreign exchange	138	66	—	204
Total	141	66	—	207
Not designated as accounting hedges				
Economic hedges of loans				
Credit	—	43	—	43
Other derivatives				
Interest rate	119,039	16,808	228	136,075
Credit	5,513	3,634	—	9,147
Foreign exchange	75,928	2,957	70	78,955
Equity	24,099	—	52,122	76,221
Commodity and other	13,569	—	2,643	16,212
Total	238,148	23,442	55,063	316,653
Total gross derivatives	\$ 238,289	\$ 23,508	\$ 55,063	\$ 316,860
Amounts offset				
Counterparty netting	(165,846)	(20,798)	(51,776)	(238,420)
Cash collateral netting	(38,098)	(1,737)	—	(39,835)
Total in Trading assets	\$ 34,345	\$ 973	\$ 3,287	\$ 38,605
Amounts not offset¹				
Financial instruments collateral	(18,113)	—	—	(18,113)
Net amounts	\$ 16,232	\$ 973	\$ 3,287	\$ 20,492
Net amounts for which master netting or collateral agreements are not in place or may not be legally enforceable				\$ 2,581

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

\$ in millions	Liabilities at June 30, 2024			
	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	Exchange-Traded	Total
Designated as accounting hedges				
Interest rate	\$ 513	\$ 1	\$ —	\$ 514
Foreign exchange	15	16	—	31
Total	528	17	—	545
Not designated as accounting hedges				
Economic hedges of loans				
Credit	54	762	—	816
Other derivatives				
Interest rate	110,719	14,912	246	125,877
Credit	5,412	3,362	—	8,774
Foreign exchange	70,296	2,923	227	73,446
Equity	40,693	—	51,308	92,001
Commodity and other	11,603	—	2,806	14,409
Total	238,777	21,959	54,587	315,323
Total gross derivatives	\$239,305	\$21,976	\$ 54,587	\$315,868
Amounts offset				
Counterparty netting	(165,846)	(20,798)	(51,776)	(238,420)
Cash collateral netting	(44,244)	(841)	—	(45,085)
Total in Trading liabilities	\$ 29,215	\$ 337	\$ 2,811	\$ 32,363
Amounts not offset¹				
Financial instruments collateral	(4,474)	—	(308)	(4,782)
Net amounts	\$ 24,741	\$ 337	\$ 2,503	\$ 27,581
Net amounts for which master netting or collateral agreements are not in place or may not be legally enforceable				5,426

\$ in millions	Assets at December 31, 2023			
	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	Exchange-Traded	Total
Designated as accounting hedges				
Interest rate	\$ 25	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 25
Foreign exchange	5	5	—	10
Total	30	5	—	35
Not designated as accounting hedges				
Economic hedges of loans				
Credit	2	27	—	29
Other derivatives				
Interest rate	127,414	19,914	854	148,182
Credit	5,712	4,896	—	10,608
Foreign exchange	90,654	2,570	16	93,240
Equity	20,338	—	37,737	58,075
Commodity and other	13,928	—	2,353	16,281
Total	258,048	27,407	40,960	326,415
Total gross derivatives	\$258,078	\$27,412	\$ 40,960	\$326,450
Amounts offset				
Counterparty netting	(184,553)	(23,851)	(38,510)	(246,914)
Cash collateral netting	(39,493)	(2,730)	—	(42,223)
Total in Trading assets	\$ 34,032	\$ 831	\$ 2,450	\$ 37,313
Amounts not offset¹				
Financial instruments collateral	(15,690)	—	—	(15,690)
Net amounts	\$ 18,342	\$ 831	\$ 2,450	\$ 21,623
Net amounts for which master netting or collateral agreements are not in place or may not be legally enforceable				\$ 2,641

\$ in millions	Liabilities at December 31, 2023			
	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	Exchange-Traded	Total
Designated as accounting hedges				
Interest rate	\$ 467	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 467
Foreign exchange	414	43	—	457
Total	881	43	—	924
Not designated as accounting hedges				
Economic hedges of loans				
Credit	43	702	—	745
Other derivatives				
Interest rate	120,604	17,179	590	138,373
Credit	5,920	4,427	—	10,347
Foreign exchange	87,104	2,694	106	89,904
Equity	31,545	—	37,349	68,894
Commodity and other	12,237	—	2,830	15,067
Total	257,453	25,002	40,875	323,330
Total gross derivatives	\$258,334	\$25,045	\$ 40,875	\$324,254
Amounts offset				
Counterparty netting	(184,553)	(23,851)	(38,510)	(246,914)
Cash collateral netting	(41,082)	(983)	—	(42,065)
Total in Trading liabilities	\$ 32,699	\$ 211	\$ 2,365	\$ 35,275
Amounts not offset¹				
Financial instruments collateral	(6,864)	(8)	(37)	(6,909)
Net amounts	\$ 25,835	\$ 203	\$ 2,328	\$ 28,366
Net amounts for which master netting or collateral agreements are not in place or may not be legally enforceable				\$ 5,911

1. Amounts relate to master netting agreements and collateral agreements that have been determined by the Firm to be legally enforceable in the event of default but where certain other netting criteria are not met in accordance with applicable offsetting accounting guidance.

See Note 4 for information related to the unsettled fair value of futures contracts not designated as accounting hedges, which are excluded from the previous tables.

Notionals of Derivative Contracts

\$ in billions	Assets at June 30, 2024			
	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	Exchange-Traded	Total
Designated as accounting hedges				
Interest rate	\$ —	\$ 103	\$ —	\$ 103
Foreign exchange	10	2	—	12
Total	10	105	—	115
Not designated as accounting hedges				
Economic hedges of loans				
Credit	—	1	—	1
Other derivatives				
Interest rate	3,947	7,559	454	11,960
Credit	225	138	—	363
Foreign exchange	3,690	204	13	3,907
Equity	609	—	544	1,153
Commodity and other	130	—	84	214
Total	8,601	7,902	1,095	17,598
Total gross derivatives	\$ 8,611	\$ 8,007	\$ 1,095	\$ 17,713

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

\$ in billions	Liabilities at June 30, 2024			
	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	Exchange-Traded	Total
Designated as accounting hedges				
Interest rate	\$ 2	\$ 191	\$ —	\$ 193
Foreign exchange	5	2	—	7
Total	7	193	—	200
Not designated as accounting hedges				
Economic hedges of loans				
Credit	2	22	—	24
Other derivatives				
Interest rate	4,231	7,485	423	12,139
Credit	237	122	—	359
Foreign exchange	3,695	198	29	3,922
Equity	695	—	819	1,514
Commodity and other	115	—	95	210
Total	8,975	7,827	1,366	18,168
Total gross derivatives	\$ 8,982	\$ 8,020	\$ 1,366	\$ 18,368

\$ in billions	Assets at December 31, 2023			
	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	Exchange-Traded	Total
Designated as accounting hedges				
Interest rate	\$ —	\$ 92	\$ —	\$ 92
Foreign exchange	1	1	—	2
Total	1	93	—	94
Not designated as accounting hedges				
Economic hedges of loans				
Credit	—	1	—	1
Other derivatives				
Interest rate	4,153	8,357	560	13,070
Credit	214	176	—	390
Foreign exchange	3,378	165	7	3,550
Equity	528	—	440	968
Commodity and other	142	—	65	207
Total	8,415	8,699	1,072	18,186
Total gross derivatives	\$ 8,416	\$ 8,792	\$ 1,072	\$ 18,280

\$ in billions	Liabilities at December 31, 2023			
	Bilateral OTC	Cleared OTC	Exchange-Traded	Total
Designated as accounting hedges				
Interest rate	\$ 3	\$ 183	\$ —	\$ 186
Foreign exchange	14	3	—	17
Total	17	186	—	203
Not designated as accounting hedges				
Economic hedges of loans				
Credit	2	22	—	24
Other derivatives				
Interest rate	4,631	8,197	455	13,283
Credit	229	155	—	384
Foreign exchange	3,496	167	33	3,696
Equity	587	—	712	1,299
Commodity and other	101	—	79	180
Total	9,046	8,541	1,279	18,866
Total gross derivatives	\$ 9,063	\$ 8,727	\$ 1,279	\$ 19,069

The notional amounts of derivative contracts generally overstate the Firm's exposure. In most circumstances, notional amounts are used only as a reference point from which to calculate amounts owed between the parties to the contract. Furthermore, notional amounts do not reflect the

benefit of legally enforceable netting arrangements or risk mitigating transactions.

For a discussion of the Firm's derivative instruments and hedging activities, see Note 6 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Gains (Losses) on Accounting Hedges

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Fair value hedges—Recognized in Interest income				
Interest rate contracts	\$ 19	\$ 569	\$ 591	\$ 198
Investment Securities—AFS	5	(565)	(547)	(184)
Fair value hedges—Recognized in Interest expense				
Interest rate contracts	\$ (24)	\$ (2,349)	\$ (2,151)	\$ (64)
Deposits	(18)	38	(8)	(16)
Borrowings	49	2,316	2,158	75
Net investment hedges—Foreign exchange contracts				
Recognized in OCI	\$ 285	\$ 95	\$ 655	\$ 6
Forward points excluded from hedge effectiveness testing—Recognized in Interest income	42	63	90	106
Cash flow hedges—Interest rate contracts¹				
Recognized in OCI	\$ (13)	\$ (25)	\$ (60)	\$ (18)
Less: Realized gains (losses) (pre-tax) reclassified from AOCI to interest income	(12)	(2)	(23)	(3)
Net change in cash flow hedges included within AOCI	(1)	(23)	(37)	(15)

1. For the current quarter ended June 30, 2024, there were no forecasted transactions that failed to occur. The net gains (losses) associated with cash flow hedges expected to be reclassified from AOCI within 12 months as of June 30, 2024, is approximately \$(56) million. The maximum length of time over which forecasted cash flows are hedged is 18 months.

Fair Value Hedges—Hedged Items

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Investment Securities—AFS		
Amortized cost basis currently or previously hedged	\$ 50,820	\$ 47,179
Basis adjustments included in amortized cost ¹	\$ (1,082)	\$ (732)
Deposits		
Carrying amount currently or previously hedged	\$ 17,645	\$ 10,569
Basis adjustments included in carrying amount ¹	\$ (23)	\$ (31)
Borrowings		
Carrying amount currently or previously hedged	\$ 164,105	\$ 158,659
Basis adjustments included in carrying amount—Outstanding hedges	\$ (11,348)	\$ (9,219)
Basis adjustments included in carrying amount—Terminated hedges	\$ (660)	\$ (671)

1. Hedge accounting basis adjustments are primarily related to outstanding hedges.

Gains (Losses) on Economic Hedges of Loans

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Recognized in Other revenues				
Credit contracts ¹	\$ (24)	\$ (84)	\$ (147)	\$ (226)

1. Amounts related to hedges of certain held-for-investment and held-for-sale loans.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Net Derivative Liabilities and Collateral Posted

\$ in millions	Years to Maturity at December 31, 2023	
	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Net derivative liabilities with credit risk-related contingent features	\$ 21,335	\$ 21,957
Collateral posted	14,583	16,389

The previous table presents the aggregate fair value of certain derivative contracts that contain credit risk-related contingent features that are in a net liability position for which the Firm has posted collateral in the normal course of business.

Incremental Collateral and Termination Payments upon Potential Future Ratings Downgrade

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	
	One-notch downgrade	\$ 532
Two-notch downgrade	429	
Bilateral downgrade agreements included in the amounts above ¹	\$ 840	

1. Amount represents arrangements between the Firm and other parties where upon the downgrade of one party, the downgraded party must deliver collateral to the other party. These bilateral downgrade arrangements are used by the Firm to manage the risk of counterparty downgrades.

The additional collateral or termination payments that may be called in the event of a future credit rating downgrade vary by contract and can be based on ratings by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., S&P Global Ratings and/or other rating agencies. The previous table shows the future potential collateral amounts and termination payments that could be called or required by counterparties or exchange and clearing organizations in the event of one-notch or two-notch downgrade scenarios based on the relevant contractual downgrade triggers.

Maximum Potential Payout/Notional of Credit Protection Sold¹

\$ in billions	Years to Maturity at June 30, 2024				
	< 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	Total
Single-name CDS					
Investment grade	\$ 18	\$ 29	\$ 38	\$ 10	\$ 95
Non-investment grade	7	15	16	1	39
Total	\$ 25	\$ 44	\$ 54	\$ 11	\$ 134
Index and basket CDS					
Investment grade	\$ 9	\$ 19	\$ 78	\$ 2	\$ 108
Non-investment grade	8	16	79	16	119
Total	\$ 17	\$ 35	\$ 157	\$ 18	\$ 227
Total CDS sold	\$ 42	\$ 79	\$ 211	\$ 29	\$ 361
Other credit contracts	—	—	—	3	3
Total credit protection sold	\$ 42	\$ 79	\$ 211	\$ 32	\$ 364
CDS protection sold with identical protection purchased					\$ 303

\$ in billions	Years to Maturity at December 31, 2023				
	< 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	Total
Single-name CDS					
Investment grade	\$ 19	\$ 29	\$ 39	\$ 10	\$ 97
Non-investment grade	7	14	17	1	39
Total	\$ 26	\$ 43	\$ 56	\$ 11	\$ 136
Index and basket CDS					
Investment grade	\$ 8	\$ 19	\$ 85	\$ 4	\$ 116
Non-investment grade	8	14	95	17	134
Total	\$ 16	\$ 33	\$ 180	\$ 21	\$ 250
Total CDS sold	\$ 42	\$ 76	\$ 236	\$ 32	\$ 386
Other credit contracts	—	—	—	3	3
Total credit protection sold	\$ 42	\$ 76	\$ 236	\$ 35	\$ 389
CDS protection sold with identical protection purchased					\$ 330

Fair Value Asset (Liability) of Credit Protection Sold¹

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
Single-name CDS				
Investment grade	\$ 1,876	\$ 1,904		
Non-investment grade	395	399		
Total	\$ 2,271	\$ 2,303		
Index and basket CDS				
Investment grade	\$ 1,496	\$ 1,929		
Non-investment grade	(604)	45		
Total	\$ 892	\$ 1,974		
Total CDS sold	\$ 3,163	\$ 4,277		
Other credit contracts	144	314		
Total credit protection sold	\$ 3,307	\$ 4,591		

1. Investment grade/non-investment grade determination is based on the internal credit rating of the reference obligation. Internal credit ratings serve as the CRM's assessment of credit risk and the basis for a comprehensive credit limits framework used to control credit risk. The Firm uses quantitative models and judgment to estimate the various risk parameters related to each obligor.

Protection Purchased with CDS

\$ in billions	Notional	
	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Single name	\$ 162	\$ 166
Index and basket	187	213
Tranched index and basket	34	30
Total	\$ 383	\$ 409
Fair Value Asset (Liability)		
\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Single name	\$ (2,696)	\$ (2,799)
Index and basket	84	(1,208)
Tranched index and basket	(1,089)	(1,012)
Total	\$ (3,701)	\$ (5,019)

The Firm enters into credit derivatives, principally CDS, under which it receives or provides protection against the risk of default on a set of debt obligations issued by a specified reference entity or entities. A majority of the Firm's counterparties for these derivatives are banks, broker-dealers, and insurance and other financial institutions.

The fair value amounts as shown in the previous tables are prior to cash collateral or counterparty netting. For further

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

information on credit derivatives and other credit contracts, see Note 6 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

7. Investment Securities

AFS and HTM Securities

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024			
	Amortized Cost ¹	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
AFS securities				
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 63,439	\$ 24	\$ 686	\$ 62,777
U.S. agency securities ²	24,436	4	2,733	21,707
Agency CMBS	5,724	—	418	5,306
State and municipal securities	747	16	3	760
FFELP student loan ABS ³	696	1	9	688
Total AFS securities	95,042	45	3,849	91,238
HTM securities				
U.S. Treasury securities	19,103	—	1,326	17,777
U.S. agency securities ²	42,471	6	8,675	33,802
Agency CMBS	1,270	—	115	1,155
Non-agency CMBS	1,349	2	125	1,226
Total HTM securities	64,193	8	10,241	53,960
Total investment securities	\$ 159,235	\$ 53	\$ 14,090	\$ 145,198

\$ in millions	At December 31, 2023			
	Amortized Cost ¹	Gross Unrealized Gains	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value
AFS securities				
U.S. Treasury securities	\$ 58,484	\$ 24	\$ 1,103	\$ 57,405
U.S. agency securities ²	25,852	4	2,528	23,328
Agency CMBS	5,871	—	456	5,415
State and municipal securities	1,132	46	5	1,173
FFELP student loan ABS ³	810	—	18	792
Total AFS securities	92,149	74	4,110	88,113
HTM securities				
U.S. Treasury securities	23,222	—	1,285	21,937
U.S. agency securities ²	40,894	—	7,699	33,195
Agency CMBS	1,337	—	121	1,216
Non-agency CMBS	1,241	2	138	1,105
Total HTM securities	66,694	2	9,243	57,453
Total investment securities	\$ 158,843	\$ 76	\$ 13,353	\$ 145,566

1. Amounts are net of any ACL.

2. U.S. agency securities consist mainly of agency mortgage pass-through pool securities, CMOs and agency-issued debt.

3. Underlying loans are backed by a guarantee, ultimately from the U.S. Department of Education, of at least 95% of the principal balance and interest outstanding.

AFS Securities in an Unrealized Loss Position

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses	Fair Value	Gross Unrealized Losses
U.S. Treasury securities				
Less than 12 months	\$ 13,972	\$ 29	\$ 14,295	\$ 22
12 months or longer	27,444	657	33,458	1,081
Total	41,416	686	47,753	1,103
U.S. agency securities				
Less than 12 months	357	1	4,297	43
12 months or longer	20,415	2,732	18,459	2,485
Total	20,772	2,733	22,756	2,528
Agency CMBS				
12 months or longer	5,282	418	5,415	456
Total	5,282	418	5,415	456
State and municipal securities				
Less than 12 months	419	2	524	3
12 months or longer	35	1	35	2
Total	454	3	559	5
FFELP student loan ABS				
Less than 12 months	26	—	56	1
12 months or longer	526	9	616	17
Total	552	9	672	18
Total AFS securities in an unrealized loss position				
Less than 12 months	14,774	32	19,172	69
12 months or longer	53,702	3,817	57,983	4,041
Total	\$ 68,476	\$ 3,849	\$ 77,155	\$ 4,110

For AFS securities, the Firm believes there are no securities in an unrealized loss position that have credit losses after performing the analysis described in Note 2 in the 2023 Form 10-K and the Firm expects to recover the amortized cost basis of these securities. Additionally, the Firm does not intend to sell these securities and is not likely to be required to sell these securities prior to recovery of the amortized cost basis. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the securities in an unrealized loss position are predominantly investment grade.

The HTM securities net carrying amounts at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023 reflect an ACL of \$47 million and \$44 million, respectively, predominantly related to Non-agency CMBS. See Note 2 in the 2023 Form 10-K for a description of the ACL methodology used for HTM Securities. As of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, Non-Agency CMBS HTM securities were predominantly on accrual status and investment grade.

See Note 14 for additional information on securities issued by VIEs, including U.S. agency mortgage-backed securities, non-agency CMBS, and FFELP student loan ABS.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

Investment Securities by Contractual Maturity

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		
	Amortized Cost ¹	Fair Value	Annualized Average Yield ^{2,3}
AFS securities			
U.S. Treasury securities:			
Due within 1 year	\$ 16,131	\$ 15,928	1.7 %
After 1 year through 5 years	39,883	39,427	3.2 %
After 5 years through 10 years	7,425	7,422	4.2 %
Total	63,439	62,777	
U.S. agency securities:			
Due within 1 year	10	10	(0.4)%
After 1 year through 5 years	313	296	1.6 %
After 5 years through 10 years	481	439	1.8 %
After 10 years	23,632	20,962	3.7 %
Total	24,436	21,707	
Agency CMBS:			
Due within 1 year	1	1	(2.2)%
After 1 year through 5 years	3,534	3,405	2.0 %
After 5 years through 10 years	1,053	991	2.0 %
After 10 years	1,136	909	1.4 %
Total	5,724	5,306	
State and municipal securities:			
Due within 1 year	29	29	5.1 %
After 1 year through 5 years	307	306	4.8 %
After 5 years through 10 years	90	90	5.3 %
After 10 Years	321	335	4.3 %
Total	747	760	
FFELP student loan ABS:			
Due within 1 year	13	13	6.0 %
After 1 year through 5 years	126	122	6.3 %
After 5 years through 10 years	28	28	6.3 %
After 10 years	529	525	6.4 %
Total	696	688	
Total AFS securities	\$ 95,042	\$ 91,238	3.1 %

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		
	Amortized Cost ¹	Fair Value	Annualized Average Yield ²
HTM securities			
U.S. Treasury securities:			
Due within 1 year	\$ 4,896	\$ 4,788	1.6 %
After 1 year through 5 years	12,147	11,488	2.1 %
After 5 years through 10 years	503	411	1.1 %
After 10 years	1,557	1,090	2.3 %
Total	19,103	17,777	
U.S. agency securities:			
After 1 year through 5 years	5	5	1.8 %
After 5 years through 10 years	259	242	2.1 %
After 10 years	42,207	33,555	2.0 %
Total	42,471	33,802	
Agency CMBS:			
Due within 1 year	144	140	1.6 %
After 1 year through 5 years	894	826	1.4 %
After 5 years through 10 years	120	101	1.5 %
After 10 years	112	88	1.5 %
Total	1,270	1,155	
Non-agency CMBS:			
Due within 1 year	169	151	4.1 %
After 1 year through 5 years	464	440	4.9 %
After 5 years through 10 years	592	515	3.6 %
After 10 years	124	120	7.0 %
Total	1,349	1,226	
Total HTM securities	\$ 64,193	\$ 53,960	2.1 %
Total investment securities	\$ 159,235	\$ 145,198	2.7 %

1. Amounts are net of any ACL.
2. Annualized average yield is computed using the effective yield, weighted based on the amortized cost of each security. The effective yield is shown pre-tax and excludes the effect of related hedging derivatives.
3. At June 30, 2024, the annualized average yield, including the interest rate swap accrual of related hedges, was 2.5% for AFS securities contractually maturing within 1 year and 4.1% for all AFS securities.

Gross Realized Gains (Losses) on Sales of AFS Securities

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Gross realized gains	\$ 7	\$ 7	\$ 50	\$ 51
Gross realized (losses)	—	(17)	—	(20)
Total¹	\$ 7	\$ (10)	\$ 50	\$ 31

1. Realized gains and losses are recognized in Other revenues in the income statement.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

8. Collateralized Transactions

Offsetting of Certain Collateralized Transactions

At June 30, 2024					
<i>\$ in millions</i>	Gross Amounts	Amounts Offset	Balance Sheet Net Amounts	Amounts Not Offset ¹	Net Amounts
Assets					
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$330,717	\$(211,807)	\$ 118,910	\$(115,646)	\$ 3,264
Securities borrowed	157,216	(34,507)	122,709	(118,221)	4,488
Liabilities					
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$277,484	\$(211,807)	\$ 65,677	\$(61,102)	\$ 4,575
Securities loaned	51,585	(34,507)	17,078	(17,059)	19
Net amounts for which master netting agreements are not in place or may not be legally enforceable					
Securities purchased under agreements to resell					\$ 2,753
Securities borrowed					486
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase					3,047
Securities loaned					2

At December 31, 2023					
<i>\$ in millions</i>	Gross Amounts	Amounts Offset	Balance Sheet Net Amounts	Amounts Not Offset ¹	Net Amounts
Assets					
Securities purchased under agreements to resell	\$300,242	\$(189,502)	\$ 110,740	\$(108,893)	\$ 1,847
Securities borrowed	142,453	(21,362)	121,091	(115,969)	5,122
Liabilities					
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$252,153	\$(189,502)	\$ 62,651	\$(58,357)	\$ 4,294
Securities loaned	36,419	(21,362)	15,057	(15,046)	11
Net amounts for which master netting agreements are not in place or may not be legally enforceable					
Securities purchased under agreements to resell					\$ 1,741
Securities borrowed					607
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase					3,014
Securities loaned					2

1. Amounts relate to master netting agreements that have been determined by the Firm to be legally enforceable in the event of default but where certain other criteria are not met in accordance with applicable offsetting accounting guidance.

For further discussion of the Firm's collateralized transactions, see Notes 2 and 8 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K. For information related to offsetting of derivatives, see Note 6.

Gross Secured Financing Balances by Remaining Contractual Maturity

At June 30, 2024					
<i>\$ in millions</i>	Overnight and Open	Less than 30 Days	30-90 Days	Over 90 Days	Total
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 132,518	\$ 83,661	\$ 24,790	\$ 36,515	\$ 277,484
Securities loaned	35,874	—	314	15,397	51,585
Total included in the offsetting disclosure	\$ 168,392	\$ 83,661	\$ 25,104	\$ 51,912	\$ 329,069
Trading liabilities—Obligation to return securities received as collateral	11,983	—	—	—	11,983
Total	\$ 180,375	\$ 83,661	\$ 25,104	\$ 51,912	\$ 341,052

At December 31, 2023					
<i>\$ in millions</i>	Overnight and Open	Less than 30 Days	30-90 Days	Over 90 Days	Total
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase	\$ 80,376	\$ 114,826	\$ 25,510	\$ 31,441	\$ 252,153
Securities loaned	21,508	1,345	709	12,857	36,419
Total included in the offsetting disclosure	\$ 101,884	\$ 116,171	\$ 26,219	\$ 44,298	\$ 288,572
Trading liabilities—Obligation to return securities received as collateral	13,528	—	—	—	13,528
Total	\$ 115,412	\$ 116,171	\$ 26,219	\$ 44,298	\$ 302,100

Gross Secured Financing Balances by Class of Collateral Pledged

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase		
U.S. Treasury and agency securities	\$ 101,261	\$ 98,377
Other sovereign government obligations	148,643	122,342
Corporate equities	15,348	18,144
Other	12,232	13,290
Total	\$ 277,484	\$ 252,153
Securities loaned		
Other sovereign government obligations	\$ 124	\$ 1,379
Corporate equities	50,686	34,434
Other	775	606
Total	\$ 51,585	\$ 36,419
Total included in the offsetting disclosure	\$ 329,069	\$ 288,572
Trading liabilities—Obligation to return securities received as collateral		
Corporate equities	\$ 11,972	\$ 13,502
Other	11	26
Total	\$ 11,983	\$ 13,528
Total	\$ 341,052	\$ 302,100

Carrying Value of Assets Loaned or Pledged without Counterparty Right to Sell or Repledge

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Trading assets	\$ 38,110	\$ 37,522

The Firm pledges certain of its trading assets to collateralize securities sold under agreements to repurchase, securities loaned, other secured financings and derivatives and to cover customer short sales. Counterparties may or may not have the right to sell or repledge the collateral.

Pledged financial instruments that can be sold or repledged by the secured party are identified as Trading assets (pledged to various parties) in the balance sheet.

Fair Value of Collateral Received with Right to Sell or Repledge

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Collateral received with right to sell or repledge	\$ 834,763	\$ 735,830
Collateral that was sold or repledged ¹	638,941	553,386

1. Does not include securities used to meet federal regulations for the Firm's U.S. broker-dealers.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

The Firm receives collateral in the form of securities in connection with securities purchased under agreements to resell, securities borrowed, securities-for-securities transactions, derivative transactions, customer margin loans and securities-based lending. In many cases, the Firm is permitted to sell or repledge this collateral to secure securities sold under agreements to repurchase, to enter into securities lending and derivative transactions or to deliver to counterparties to cover short positions.

Securities Segregated for Regulatory Purposes

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Segregated securities ¹	\$ 28,808	\$ 20,670

1. Securities segregated under federal regulations for the Firm's U.S. broker-dealers are sourced from Securities purchased under agreements to resell and Trading assets in the balance sheet.

Customer Margin and Other Lending

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Margin and other lending	\$ 54,572	\$ 45,644

The Firm provides margin lending arrangements that allow customers to borrow against the value of qualifying securities. Receivables from these arrangements are included within Customer and other receivables in the balance sheet. Under these arrangements, the Firm receives collateral, which includes U.S. government and agency securities, other sovereign government obligations, corporate and other debt, and corporate equities. Margin loans are collateralized by customer-owned securities held by the Firm. The Firm monitors required margin levels and established credit terms daily and, pursuant to such guidelines, requires customers to deposit additional collateral, or reduce positions, when necessary.

For a further discussion of the Firm's margin lending activities, see Note 8 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Also included in the amounts in the previous table is non-purpose securities-based lending on entities in the Wealth Management business segment.

Other Secured Financings

The Firm has additional secured liabilities. For a further discussion of other secured financings, see Note 12. Additionally, for certain secured financing transactions that meet applicable netting criteria, the Firm offset Other secured financing liabilities against financing receivables recorded within Trading assets in the amount of \$1,473 million at June 30, 2024 and \$3,472 million at December 31, 2023.

9. Loans, Lending Commitments and Related Allowance for Credit Losses

Loans by Type

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024		
	HFI Loans	HFS Loans	Total Loans
Corporate	\$ 6,764	\$ 11,134	\$ 17,898
Secured lending facilities	44,869	3,569	48,438
Commercial real estate	8,804	573	9,377
Residential real estate	63,161	1	63,162
Securities-based lending and Other	90,541	6	90,547
Total loans	214,139	15,283	229,422
ACL	(1,175)		(1,175)
Total loans, net	\$ 212,964	\$ 15,283	\$ 228,247
Loans to non-U.S. borrowers, net	\$ 23,523	\$ 5,183	\$ 28,706

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At December 31, 2023		
	HFI Loans	HFS Loans	Total Loans
Corporate	\$ 6,758	\$ 11,862	\$ 18,620
Secured lending facilities	39,498	3,161	42,659
Commercial real estate	8,678	209	8,887
Residential real estate	60,375	22	60,397
Securities-based lending and Other	89,245	1	89,246
Total loans	204,554	15,255	219,809
ACL	(1,169)		(1,169)
Total loans, net	\$ 203,385	\$ 15,255	\$ 218,640
Loans to non-U.S. borrowers, net	\$ 21,152	\$ 5,043	\$ 26,195

For additional information on the Firm's held-for-investment and held-for-sale loan portfolios, see Note 9 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Loans by Interest Rate Type

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
	Fixed Rate	Floating or Adjustable Rate	Fixed Rate	Floating or Adjustable Rate
Corporate	\$ —	\$ 17,898	\$ —	\$ 18,620
Secured lending facilities	—	48,438	—	42,659
Commercial real estate	142	9,235	141	8,746
Residential real estate	29,911	33,251	28,934	31,464
Securities-based lending and Other	23,972	66,575	23,922	65,323
Total loans, before ACL	\$ 54,025	\$ 175,397	\$ 52,997	\$ 166,812

See Note 4 for further information regarding Loans and lending commitments held at fair value. See Note 13 for details of current commitments to lend in the future.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

Loans Held for Investment before Allowance by Credit Quality and Origination Year

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024			At December 31, 2023		
	Corporate					
	IG	NIG	Total	IG	NIG	Total
Revolving	\$ 2,133	\$ 4,256	\$ 6,389	\$ 2,350	\$ 3,863	\$ 6,213
2024	52	6	58	—	—	—
2023	—	50	50	—	88	88
2022	—	59	59	—	166	166
2021	15	75	90	15	89	104
2020	9	26	35	29	25	54
Prior	83	—	83	—	133	133
Total	\$ 2,292	\$ 4,472	\$ 6,764	\$ 2,394	\$ 4,364	\$ 6,758

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024			At December 31, 2023		
	Secured Lending Facilities					
	IG	NIG	Total	IG	NIG	Total
Revolving	\$ 9,271	\$ 25,033	\$ 34,304	\$ 9,494	\$ 22,240	\$ 31,734
2024	463	3,276	3,739	—	—	—
2023	1,489	1,377	2,866	1,535	1,459	2,994
2022	293	2,301	2,594	392	2,390	2,782
2021	—	323	323	—	365	365
2020	—	—	—	—	80	80
Prior	60	983	1,043	356	1,187	1,543
Total	\$ 11,576	\$ 33,293	\$ 44,869	\$ 11,777	\$ 27,721	\$ 39,498

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024			At December 31, 2023		
	Commercial Real Estate					
	IG	NIG	Total	IG	NIG	Total
Revolving	\$ —	\$ 172	\$ 172	\$ —	\$ 170	\$ 170
2024	—	1,333	1,333	—	—	—
2023	364	950	1,314	261	1,067	1,328
2022	383	1,744	2,127	284	1,900	2,184
2021	296	1,554	1,850	370	1,494	1,864
2020	—	747	747	—	756	756
Prior	—	1,261	1,261	195	2,181	2,376
Total	\$ 1,043	\$ 7,761	\$ 8,804	\$ 1,110	\$ 7,568	\$ 8,678

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024					
	Residential Real Estate					
	by FICO Scores			by LTV Ratio		Total
	≥ 740	680-739	≤ 679	≤ 80%	> 80%	
Revolving	\$ 117	\$ 35	\$ 5	\$ 157	\$ —	\$ 157
2024	4,024	724	72	4,379	441	4,820
2023	7,089	1,468	214	7,845	926	8,771
2022	10,612	2,372	380	12,311	1,053	13,364
2021	10,807	2,314	234	12,444	911	13,355
2020	6,691	1,382	100	7,752	421	8,173
Prior	11,106	3,004	411	13,466	1,055	14,521
Total	\$ 50,446	\$ 11,299	\$ 1,416	\$ 58,354	\$ 4,807	\$ 63,161

\$ in millions	At December 31, 2023					
	Residential Real Estate					
	by FICO Scores			by LTV Ratio		Total
	≥ 740	680-739	≤ 679	≤ 80%	> 80%	
Revolving	\$ 108	\$ 33	\$ 8	\$ 149	\$ —	\$ 149
2023	7,390	1,517	230	8,168	969	9,137
2022	10,927	2,424	389	12,650	1,090	13,740
2021	11,075	2,376	239	12,763	927	13,690
2020	6,916	1,430	104	8,017	433	8,450
Prior	11,642	3,131	436	14,106	1,103	15,209
Total	\$ 48,058	\$ 10,911	\$ 1,406	\$ 55,853	\$ 4,522	\$ 60,375

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024			
	Securities-based Lending ¹	Other ²		Total
		IG	NIG	
Revolving	\$ 71,825	\$ 5,814	\$ 1,616	\$ 79,255
2024	403	221	332	956
2023	1,214	635	386	2,235
2022	924	443	1,184	2,551
2021	100	166	491	757
2020	39	280	463	782
Prior	225	1,352	2,428	4,005
Total	\$ 74,730	\$ 8,911	\$ 6,900	\$ 90,541

\$ in millions	At December 31, 2023			
	Securities-based Lending ¹	Other ²		Total
		IG	NIG	
Revolving	\$ 71,474	\$ 5,230	\$ 1,362	\$ 78,066
2023	1,612	627	346	2,585
2022	1,128	816	804	2,748
2021	165	330	377	872
2020	—	435	414	849
Prior	215	2,096	1,814	4,125
Total	\$ 74,594	\$ 9,534	\$ 5,117	\$ 89,245

IG—Investment Grade

NIG—Non-investment Grade

1. Securities-based loans are subject to collateral maintenance provisions, and at June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, these loans are predominantly over-collateralized. For more information on the ACL methodology related to securities-based loans, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

2. Other loans primarily include certain loans originated in the tailored lending business within the Wealth Management business segment, which typically consist of bespoke lending arrangements provided to ultra-high worth net clients. These facilities are generally secured by eligible collateral.

Past Due Loans Held for Investment before Allowance¹

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Corporate	\$ —	\$ 47
Commercial real estate	228	185
Residential real estate	165	160
Securities-based lending and Other	—	1
Total	\$ 393	\$ 393

1. As of June 30, 2024, the majority of the amounts are 90 days or more past due. As of December 31, 2023, the majority of the amounts are past due for a period of less than 90 days.

Nonaccrual Loans Held for Investment before Allowance¹

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Corporate	\$ 72	\$ 95
Secured lending facilities	7	87
Commercial real estate	506	426
Residential real estate	113	95
Securities-based lending and Other	286	174
Total	\$ 984	\$ 877

Nonaccrual loans without an ACL

1. There were no loans held for investment that were 90 days or more past due and still accruing as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023. For further information on the Firm's nonaccrual policy, see Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K for a description of the ACL calculated under the CECL methodology, including credit quality indicators, used for HFI loans.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

Loan Modifications to Borrowers Experiencing Financial Difficulty

The Firm may modify the terms of certain loans for economic or legal reasons related to a borrower's financial difficulties, and these modifications include interest rate reductions, principal forgiveness, term extensions and other-than-insignificant payment delays or a combination of these aforementioned modifications. Modified loans are typically evaluated individually for allowance for credit losses.

Modified Loans Held for Investment

Period-end loans held for investment modified during the following periods¹:

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,			
	2024		2023	
	Amortized Cost	% of Total Loans ²	Amortized Cost	% of Total Loans ²
Term Extension				
Corporate	\$ 70	1.0 %	\$ 2	— %
Secured lending facilities	—	— %	83	0.2 %
Commercial real estate	—	— %	21	0.2 %
Securities-based lending and Other	98	0.1 %	30	— %
Total	\$ 168	0.2 %	\$ 136	0.1 %
Multiple Modifications - Term Extension and Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay				
Commercial real estate	\$ —	— %	\$ 40	0.5 %
Residential real estate	1	— %	—	— %
Total	\$ 1	— %	\$ 40	0.5 %
Total Modifications	\$ 169	0.1 %	\$ 176	0.1 %

\$ in millions	Six Months Ended June 30,			
	2024		2023	
	Amortized Cost	% of Total Loans ²	Amortized Cost	% of Total Loans ²
Term Extension				
Corporate	\$ 126	1.9 %	\$ 23	0.3 %
Secured lending facilities	—	— %	83	0.2 %
Commercial real estate	79	0.9 %	21	0.2 %
Securities-based lending and Other	139	0.2 %	30	— %
Total	\$ 344	0.3 %	\$ 158	0.1 %
Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay				
Commercial real estate	\$ —	— %	\$ 67	0.8 %
Total	\$ —	— %	\$ 67	0.8 %
Multiple Modifications - Term Extension and Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay				
Commercial real estate	\$ 40	0.5 %	\$ 40	0.5 %
Residential real estate	1	— %	1	— %
Total	\$ 41	0.5 %	\$ 41	0.5 %
Total Modifications	\$ 385	0.2 %	\$ 266	0.1 %

- Lending commitments to borrowers for which the Firm has modified terms of the receivable, during the three months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are \$116 million and \$74 million, as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. Lending commitments to borrowers for which the Firm has modified terms of the receivable, during the six months ended June 30, 2024 and 2023, are \$439 million and \$661 million, as of June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.
- Percentage of total loans represents the percentage of modified loans to total loans held for investment by loan type.

Financial Effect of Modifications on Loans Held for Investment

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024 ¹			
	Term Extension (Months)	Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay (Months)	Principal Forgiveness (\$ millions)	Interest Rate Reduction (%)
Single Modifications				
Corporate	28	0	—	— %
Securities-based lending and Other	15	0	—	— %
Multiple Modifications - Term Extension and Interest Rate Reduction				
Residential real estate	120	0	—	1 %

	Three Months Ended June 30, 2023 ¹			
	Term Extension (Months)	Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay (Months)	Principal Forgiveness (\$ millions)	Interest Rate Reduction (%)
Single Modifications				
Corporate	51	0	—	— %
Secured lending facilities	3	0	—	— %
Commercial real estate	1	0	—	— %
Securities-based lending and Other	26	0	—	— %
Multiple Modifications - Term Extension and Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay				
Commercial real estate	6	6	—	— %

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024 ¹			
	Term Extension (Months)	Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay (Months)	Principal Forgiveness (\$ millions)	Interest Rate Reduction (%)
Single Modifications				
Corporate	28	0	—	— %
Commercial real estate	4	0	—	— %
Securities-based lending and Other	21	0	—	— %
Multiple Modifications - Term Extension and Interest Rate Reduction				
Residential real estate	120	0	—	1 %
Multiple Modifications - Term Extension and Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay				
Commercial real estate	16	16	—	— %

	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023 ¹			
	Term Extension (Months)	Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay (Months)	Principal Forgiveness (\$ millions)	Interest Rate Reduction (%)
Single Modifications				
Corporate	14	0	—	— %
Secured lending facilities	3	0	—	— %
Commercial real estate	4	8	—	— %
Residential real estate	4	0	—	— %
Securities-based lending and Other	26	0	—	— %
Multiple Modifications - Term Extension and Other-than-insignificant Payment Delay				
Commercial real estate	7	6	—	— %

1. In instances where more than one loan was modified, modification impact is presented on a weighted-average basis.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Past Due Loans Held for Investment Modified in the Last 12 months

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		
	30-89 Days Past Due	90+ Days Past Due	Total
Commercial real estate	67	—	67
Total	\$ 67	\$ —	\$ 67

As of June 30, 2023, there were no past due loans held for investment modified during the 12 months prior. There were no loans held for investment that had been modified in the 12 months prior and subsequently defaulted during the six months ended June 30, 2024.

Provision for Credit Losses

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Loans	\$ 85	\$ 138	\$ 63	\$ 339
Lending commitments	(9)	23	7	56

Allowance for Credit Losses Rollforward and Allocation—Loans and Lending Commitments

\$ in millions	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024					
	Corporate	Secured Lending Facilities	CRE	Residential Real Estate	SBL and Other	Total
ACL—Loans						
Beginning balance	\$ 241	\$ 153	\$ 463	\$ 100	\$ 212	\$ 1,169
Gross charge-offs	—	(11)	(41)	—	(2)	(54)
Recoveries	—	—	4	—	—	4
Net (charge-offs) recoveries	—	(11)	(37)	—	(2)	(50)
Provision (release)	1	2	46	(6)	20	63
Other	(1)	(1)	(3)	—	(2)	(7)
Ending balance	\$ 241	\$ 143	\$ 469	\$ 94	\$ 228	\$ 1,175
Percent of loans to total loans ¹	3 %	21 %	4 %	30 %	42 %	100 %
ACL—Lending commitments						
Beginning balance	\$ 431	\$ 70	\$ 26	\$ 4	\$ 20	\$ 551
Provision (release)	8	—	3	—	(4)	7
Other	(5)	(1)	—	—	3	(3)
Ending balance	\$ 434	\$ 69	\$ 29	\$ 4	\$ 19	\$ 555
Total ending balance	\$ 675	\$ 212	\$ 498	\$ 98	\$ 247	\$ 1,730

\$ in millions	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023					
	Corporate	Secured Lending Facilities	CRE	Residential Real Estate	SBL and Other	Total
ACL—Loans						
Beginning balance	\$ 235	\$ 153	\$ 275	\$ 87	\$ 89	\$ 839
Gross charge-offs	(30)	—	(69)	—	(2)	(101)
Provision (release)	50	3	178	25	83	339
Other	2	—	1	—	1	4
Ending balance	\$ 257	\$ 156	\$ 385	\$ 112	\$ 171	\$ 1,081
Percent of loans to total loans ¹	4 %	19 %	4 %	28 %	45 %	100 %
ACL—Lending commitments						
Beginning balance	\$ 411	\$ 51	\$ 15	\$ 4	\$ 23	\$ 504
Provision (release)	35	10	7	1	3	56
Other	2	—	—	—	—	2
Ending balance	\$ 448	\$ 61	\$ 22	\$ 5	\$ 26	\$ 562
Total ending balance	\$ 705	\$ 217	\$ 407	\$ 117	\$ 197	\$ 1,643

CRE—Commercial real estate

SBL—Securities-based lending

1. Percent of loans to total loans represents loans held for investment by loan type to total loans held for investment.

The allowance for credit losses for loans and lending commitments increased for the six months ended June 30, 2024, reflecting provisions for certain specific commercial real estate loans, mainly in the office sector, modest growth in certain corporate and other loan portfolios and provisions for certain specific securities-based loans. The impact was partially offset by improvements in the macroeconomic outlook. Charge-offs in the current year period primarily related to Commercial real estate and Secured lending facilities. The base scenario used in our ACL models as of June 30, 2024 was generated using a combination of consensus economic forecasts, forward rates, and internally developed and validated models. This scenario assumes modest economic growth in 2024, followed by a gradual improvement in 2025 as well as lower credit spreads and higher interest rates relative to the prior forecast. Given the nature of our lending portfolio, the most sensitive model input is U.S. gross domestic product (“GDP”). For a further discussion of the Firm’s loans as well as the Firm’s allowance methodology, refer to Notes 2 and 9 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Selected Credit Ratios

	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
ACL for loans to total HFI loans	0.5 %	0.6 %
Nonaccrual HFI loans to total HFI loans	0.5 %	0.4 %
ACL for loans to nonaccrual HFI loans	119.4 %	133.3 %

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Employee Loans

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Currently employed by the Firm ¹	\$ 4,191	\$ 4,257
No longer employed by the Firm ²	95	92
Employee loans	\$ 4,286	\$ 4,349
ACL	(121)	(121)
Employee loans, net of ACL	\$ 4,165	\$ 4,228
Remaining repayment term, weighted average in years	5.7	5.8

1. These loans are predominantly current.

2. These loans are predominantly past due for a period of 90 days or more.

Employee loans are granted in conjunction with a program established primarily to recruit certain Wealth Management financial advisors, are full recourse and generally require periodic repayments, and are due in full upon termination of employment with the Firm. These loans are recorded in Customer and other receivables in the balance sheet. See Note 2 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K for a description of the CECL allowance methodology, including credit quality indicators, for employee loans.

10. Other Assets

Equity Method Investments

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Investments	\$ 1,885	\$ 1,915

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Income (loss)	\$ 54	\$ 61	\$ 110	\$ 86

Equity method investments, other than investments in certain fund interests, are summarized above and are included in Other assets in the balance sheet with related income or loss included in Other revenues in the income statement. See “Net Asset Value Measurements—Fund Interests” in Note 4 for the carrying value of certain of the Firm’s fund interests, which are composed of general and limited partnership interests, as well as any related carried interest.

Japanese Securities Joint Venture

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Income (loss) from investment in MUMSS	\$ 36	\$ 63	\$ 77	\$ 92

For more information on MUMSS and other relationships with MUFG, see Note 11 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Tax Equity Investments

The Firm invests in tax equity investment interests which entitle the Firm to a share of tax credits and other income tax benefits generated by the projects underlying the investments.

Effective January 1, 2024, the Firm made an election to account for certain renewable energy and other tax equity investments programs using the proportional amortization method under newly adopted accounting guidance.

Tax Equity Investments under the Proportional Amortization Method

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Low-income housing ¹	\$ 1,790	\$ 1,699
Renewable energy and other ²	34	—
Total³	\$ 1,824	\$ 1,699

1. Amounts include unfunded equity contributions of \$637 million and \$661 million as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, respectively. The corresponding liabilities for the commitments to fund these equity contributions are recorded in Other liabilities and accrued expenses. The majority of these commitments are expected to be funded within 5 years.

2. Prior to adoption of the *Investments - Tax Credit Structures* accounting update on January 1, 2024, Renewable energy and other investments were accounted for under the equity method.

3. At June 30, 2024, this amount excludes \$47 million of tax equity investments within programs for which the Firm elected the proportional amortization method that do not meet the conditions to apply the proportional amortization method, which are accounted for as equity method investments.

Income tax credits and other income tax benefits recognized as well as proportional amortization are included in the Provision for income taxes line in the consolidated income statement and in the Depreciation and amortization line in the consolidated cash flow statement.

Net Benefits Attributable to Tax Equity Investments under the Proportional Amortization Method

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Income tax credits and other income tax benefits	\$ 78	\$ 53	\$ 153	\$ 124
Proportional amortization	(59)	(50)	(119)	(99)
Net benefits	\$ 19	\$ 3	\$ 34	\$ 25

11. Deposits

Deposits

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Savings and demand deposits	\$ 277,398	\$ 288,252
Time deposits	71,492	63,552
Total	\$ 348,890	\$ 351,804
Deposits subject to FDIC insurance	\$ 278,178	\$ 276,598
Deposits not subject to FDIC insurance	\$ 70,712	\$ 75,206

Time Deposit Maturities

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024
2024	\$ 18,929
2025	26,123
2026	11,324
2027	7,115
2028	5,048
Thereafter	2,953
Total	\$ 71,492

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

12. Borrowings and Other Secured Financings

Borrowings

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Original maturities of one year or less	\$ 5,299	\$ 3,188
Original maturities greater than one year		
Senior	\$ 256,280	\$ 248,174
Subordinated	13,618	12,370
Total greater than one year	\$ 269,898	\$ 260,544
Total	\$ 275,197	\$ 263,732
Weighted average stated maturity, in years ¹	6.5	6.6

1. Only includes borrowings with original maturities greater than one year.

Other Secured Financings

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Original maturities:		
One year or less	\$ 10,484	\$ 5,732
Greater than one year	6,656	6,923
Total	\$ 17,140	\$ 12,655
Transfers of assets accounted for as secured financings	\$ 8,568	\$ 5,848

Other secured financings include the liabilities related to collateralized notes, transfers of financial assets that are accounted for as financings rather than sales and consolidated VIEs where the Firm is deemed to be the primary beneficiary. These liabilities are generally payable from the cash flows of the related assets accounted for as Trading assets. See Note 14 for further information on other secured financings related to VIEs and securitization activities.

For transfers of assets that fail to meet accounting criteria for a sale, the Firm continues to record the assets and recognizes the associated liabilities in the balance sheet.

13. Commitments, Guarantees and Contingencies

Commitments

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Years to Maturity at June 30, 2024				Total
	Less than 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	
Lending:					
Corporate	\$ 14,194	\$ 40,150	\$ 59,255	\$ 3,477	\$ 117,076
Secured lending facilities	7,399	5,819	4,882	3,232	21,332
Commercial and Residential real estate	1,081	44	120	383	1,628
Securities-based lending and Other	16,571	2,719	385	417	20,092
Forward-starting secured financing receivables ¹	114,543	53	—	—	114,596
Central counterparty	300	—	—	12,809	13,109
Investment activities	1,937	116	76	478	2,607
Letters of credit and other financial guarantees	62	15	—	7	84
Total	\$156,087	\$ 48,916	\$ 64,718	\$ 20,803	\$ 290,524
Lending commitments participated to third parties					\$ 8,998

1. Forward-starting secured financing receivables are generally settled within three business days.

Since commitments associated with these instruments may expire unused, the amounts shown do not necessarily reflect the actual future cash funding requirements.

For a further description of these commitments, refer to Note 14 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Guarantees

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024				Carrying Amount Asset (Liability)
	Less than 1	1-3	3-5	Over 5	
Non-credit derivatives ¹	\$ 1,286,435	\$ 748,523	\$ 169,086	\$ 454,869	\$ (37,812)
Standby letters of credit and other financial guarantees issued ^{2,3}	1,667	1,262	1,073	2,556	5
Liquidity facilities	2,196	—	—	—	2
Whole loan sales guarantees	3	83	—	23,074	—
Securitization representations and warranties ⁴	—	—	—	83,563	(3)
General partner guarantees	299	32	133	28	(91)
Client clearing guarantees	184	—	—	—	—

1. The carrying amounts of derivative contracts that meet the accounting definition of a guarantee are shown on a gross basis. For further information on derivatives contracts, see Note 6.

2. These amounts include certain issued standby letters of credit participated to third parties, totaling \$0.7 billion of notional and collateral/recourse, due to the nature of the Firm's obligations under these arrangements.

3. As of June 30, 2024, the carrying amount of standby letters of credit and other financial guarantees issued includes an allowance for credit losses of \$64 million.

4. Related to commercial and residential mortgage securitizations.

The Firm has obligations under certain guarantee arrangements, including contracts and indemnification agreements, that contingently require the Firm to make payments to the guaranteed party based on changes in an underlying measure (such as an interest or foreign exchange rate, security or commodity price, an index, or the occurrence or non-occurrence of a specified event) related to an asset, liability or equity security of a guaranteed party. Also included as guarantees are contracts that contingently require the Firm to make payments to the guaranteed party based on another entity's failure to perform under an agreement, as well as indirect guarantees of the indebtedness of others.

For more information on the nature of the obligations and related business activities for our guarantees, see Note 14 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Other Guarantees and Indemnities

In the normal course of business, the Firm provides guarantees and indemnifications in a variety of transactions. These provisions generally are standard contractual terms. Certain of these guarantees and indemnifications related to indemnities, exchange and clearinghouse member guarantees and merger and acquisition guarantees are described in Note 14 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

In addition, in the ordinary course of business, the Firm guarantees the debt and/or certain trading obligations (including obligations associated with derivatives, foreign exchange contracts and the settlement of physical commodities) of certain subsidiaries. These guarantees generally are entity or product specific and are required by investors or trading counterparties. The activities of the Firm's subsidiaries covered by these guarantees (including any related debt or trading obligations) are included in the financial statements.

Finance Subsidiary

The Parent Company fully and unconditionally guarantees the securities issued by Morgan Stanley Finance LLC, a wholly owned finance subsidiary. No other subsidiary of the Parent Company guarantees these securities.

Contingencies

Legal

In addition to the matters described below, in the normal course of business, the Firm has been named, from time to time, as a defendant in various legal actions, including arbitrations, class actions and other litigation, arising in connection with its activities as a global diversified financial services institution. Certain of the actual or threatened legal actions include claims for substantial compensatory and/or punitive damages or claims for indeterminate amounts of damages. In some cases, the third-party entities that are, or would otherwise be, the primary defendants in such cases are bankrupt, in financial distress, or may not honor applicable indemnification obligations. These actions have included, but are not limited to, antitrust claims, claims under various false claims act statutes, and matters arising from our sales and trading businesses and our activities in the capital markets.

The Firm is also involved, from time to time, in other reviews, investigations and proceedings (both formal and informal) by governmental or other regulatory agencies regarding the Firm's business, and involving, among other matters, sales, trading, financing, prime brokerage, market-making activities, investment banking advisory services, capital markets activities, financial products or offerings sponsored, underwritten or sold by the Firm, wealth and investment management services, and accounting and operational matters, certain of which may result in adverse judgments, settlements, fines, penalties, disgorgement, restitution, forfeiture, injunctions, limitations on our ability to conduct certain business, or other relief.

The Firm contests liability and/or the amount of damages as appropriate in each pending matter. Where available information indicates that it is probable a liability had been incurred at the date of the financial statements and the Firm can reasonably estimate the amount of that loss or the range of loss, the Firm accrues an estimated loss by a charge to

income, including with respect to certain of the individual proceedings or investigations described below.

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Legal expenses	\$ 12	\$ 45	\$ (14)	\$ 196

The Firm's legal expenses can, and may in the future, fluctuate from period to period, given the current environment regarding government or regulatory agency investigations and private litigation affecting global financial services firms, including the Firm.

In many legal proceedings and investigations, it is inherently difficult to determine whether any loss is probable or reasonably possible, or to estimate the amount of any loss. In addition, even where the Firm has determined that a loss is probable or reasonably possible or an exposure to loss or range of loss exists in excess of the liability already accrued with respect to a previously recognized loss contingency, the Firm may be unable to reasonably estimate the amount of the loss or range of loss. It is particularly difficult to determine if a loss is probable or reasonably possible, or to estimate the amount of loss, where the factual record is being developed or contested or where plaintiffs or government entities seek substantial or indeterminate damages, restitution, forfeiture, disgorgement or penalties. Numerous issues may need to be resolved in an investigation or proceeding before a determination can be made that a loss or additional loss (or range of loss or range of additional loss) is probable or reasonably possible, or to estimate the amount of loss, including through potentially lengthy discovery or determination of important factual matters, determination of issues related to class certification, the calculation of damages or other relief, and consideration of novel or unsettled legal questions relevant to the proceedings or investigations in question.

The Firm has identified below any individual proceedings or investigations where the Firm believes a material loss to be reasonably possible. In certain legal proceedings in which the Firm has determined that a material loss is reasonably possible, the Firm is unable to reasonably estimate the loss or range of loss. There are other matters in which the Firm has determined a loss or range of loss to be reasonably possible, but the Firm does not believe, based on current knowledge and after consultation with counsel, that such losses could have a material adverse effect on the Firm's financial statements as a whole, although the outcome of such proceedings or investigations may significantly impact the Firm's business or results of operations for any particular reporting period, or cause significant reputational harm.

While the Firm has identified below certain proceedings or investigations that the Firm believes to be material, individually or collectively, there can be no assurance that material losses will not be incurred from claims that have not

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

yet been asserted or those where potential losses have not yet been determined to be probable or reasonably possible.

Antitrust Related Matters

The Firm and other financial institutions are responding to a number of governmental investigations and civil litigation matters related to allegations of anticompetitive conduct in various aspects of the financial services industry, including the matters described below.

Beginning in February of 2016, the Firm was named as a defendant in multiple purported antitrust class actions now consolidated into a single proceeding in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York (“SDNY”) styled *In Re: Interest Rate Swaps Antitrust Litigation*. Plaintiffs allege, inter alia, that the Firm, together with a number of other financial institution defendants, violated U.S. and New York state antitrust laws from 2008 through December of 2016 in connection with their alleged efforts to prevent the development of electronic exchange-based platforms for interest rate swaps trading. Complaints were filed both on behalf of a purported class of investors who purchased interest rate swaps from defendants, as well as on behalf of three operators of swap execution facilities that allegedly were thwarted by the defendants in their efforts to develop such platforms. The consolidated complaints seek, among other relief, certification of the investor class of plaintiffs and treble damages. On July 28, 2017, the court granted in part and denied in part the defendants’ motion to dismiss the complaints. On December 15, 2023, the court denied the class plaintiffs’ motion for class certification. On December 29, 2023, the class plaintiffs petitioned the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit for leave to appeal that decision. On February 28, 2024, the parties reached an agreement in principle to settle the class claims. On July 11, 2024, the court granted preliminary approval of the settlement.

In August of 2017, the Firm was named as a defendant in a purported antitrust class action in the United States District Court for the SDNY styled *Iowa Public Employees’ Retirement System et al. v. Bank of America Corporation et al.* Plaintiffs allege, inter alia, that the Firm, together with a number of other financial institution defendants, violated U.S. antitrust laws and New York state law in connection with their alleged efforts to prevent the development of electronic exchange-based platforms for securities lending. The class action complaint was filed on behalf of a purported class of borrowers and lenders who entered into stock loan transactions with the defendants. The class action complaint seeks, among other relief, certification of the class of plaintiffs and treble damages. On September 27, 2018, the court denied the defendants’ motion to dismiss the class action complaint. Plaintiffs’ motion for class certification was referred by the District Court to a magistrate judge who, on June 30, 2022, issued a report and recommendation that the District Court certify a class. On May 20, 2023, the Firm

reached an agreement in principle to settle the litigation. On September 1, 2023, the court granted preliminary approval of the settlement.

The Firm is a defendant in three antitrust class action complaints which have been consolidated into one proceeding in the United States District Court for the SDNY under the caption *City of Philadelphia, et al. v. Bank of America Corporation, et al.* Plaintiffs allege, inter alia, that the Firm, along with a number of other financial institution defendants, violated U.S. antitrust laws and relevant state laws in connection with alleged efforts to artificially inflate interest rates for Variable Rate Demand Obligations (“VRDO”). Plaintiffs seek, among other relief, treble damages. The class action complaint was filed on behalf of a class of municipal issuers of VRDO for which defendants served as remarketing agent. On November 2, 2020, the court granted in part and denied in part the defendants’ motion to dismiss the consolidated complaint, dismissing state law claims, but denying dismissal of the U.S. antitrust claims. On September 21, 2023, the court granted plaintiffs’ motion for class certification. On October 5, 2023, defendants petitioned the United States Court of Appeals for the Second Circuit for leave to appeal that decision, which was granted on February 5, 2024.

European Matters

Tax

In matters styled *Case number 15/3637* and *Case number 15/4353*, the Dutch Tax Authority (“Dutch Authority”) is challenging in the Dutch courts the prior set-off by the Firm of approximately €124 million (approximately \$133 million) plus accrued interest of withholding tax credits against the Firm’s corporation tax liabilities for the tax years 2007 to 2012. The Dutch Authority alleges that the Firm was not entitled to receive the withholding tax credits on the basis, inter alia, that a Firm subsidiary did not hold legal title to certain securities subject to withholding tax on the relevant dates. The Dutch Authority has also alleged that the Firm failed to provide certain information to the Dutch Authority and to keep adequate books and records. On April 26, 2018, the District Court in Amsterdam issued a decision dismissing the Dutch Authority’s claims with respect to certain of the tax years in dispute. On May 12, 2020, the Court of Appeal in Amsterdam granted the Dutch Authority’s appeal in matters re-styled *Case number 18/00318* and *Case number 18/00319*. On January 19, 2024, the Dutch High Court granted the Firm’s appeal in matters re-styled *Case number 20/01884* and referred the case to the Court of Appeal in The Hague.

On June 22, 2021, Dutch criminal authorities sought various documents in connection with an investigation of the Firm related to the civil claims asserted by the Dutch Authority concerning the accuracy of the Firm subsidiary’s tax returns for 2007 to 2012. The Dutch criminal authorities have requested additional information, and the Firm is continuing

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to respond to them in connection with their ongoing investigation.

Danish Underwriting Matter

On October 5, 2017, various institutional investors filed a claim against the Firm and another bank in a matter now styled *Case number B-803-18* (previously *BS 99-6998/2017*), in the City Court of Copenhagen, Denmark concerning their roles as underwriters of the initial public offering (“IPO”) in March 2014 of the Danish company OW Bunker A/S. The claim seeks damages of approximately DKK529 million (approximately \$76 million) plus interest in respect of alleged losses arising from investing in shares in OW Bunker, which entered into bankruptcy in November 2014. Separately, on November 29, 2017, another group of institutional investors joined the Firm and another bank as defendants to pending proceedings in the High Court of Eastern Denmark against various other parties involved in the IPO in a matter styled *Case number B-2073-16*. The claim brought against the Firm and the other bank has been given its own *Case number B-2564-17*. The investors claim damages of approximately DKK767 million (approximately \$110 million) plus interest from the Firm and the other bank on a joint and several basis with the Defendants to these proceedings. Both claims are based on alleged prospectus liability; the second claim also alleges professional liability of banks acting as financial intermediaries. On June 8, 2018, the City Court of Copenhagen, Denmark ordered that the matters now styled *Case number B-803-18*, *Case number B-2073-16*, and *Case number B-2564-17* (“the Cases”) be heard together before the High Court of Eastern Denmark. On July 1, 2024, defendants reached a conditional settlement agreement with the plaintiffs in the Cases. A conditional settlement agreement has also been reached in an additional related claim to which the Firm is not a party but which forms part of the complex of cases proceeding before the High Court of Eastern Denmark in connection with the bankruptcy of OW Bunker (*Case number B-407-17*). The conditional settlement agreements are conditioned upon approval of the settlement of *Case number B-407-17* by the 14th Division of the Danish Court of Appeal Eastern Division.

U.K. Government Bond Matter

The Firm is engaging with the U.K. Competition and Markets Authority in connection with its investigation of suspected anti-competitive arrangements in the financial services sector, specifically regarding the Firm's activities concerning certain liquid fixed income products between 2009 and 2012. On May 24, 2023, the U.K. Competition and Markets Authority issued a Statement of Objections setting out its provisional findings that the Firm had breached U.K. competition law by sharing competitively sensitive information in connection with gilts and gilt asset swaps between 2009 and 2012. The Firm is contesting the provisional findings. Separately, on June 16, 2023, the Firm was named as a defendant in a purported antitrust class action in the United States District

Court for the SDNY styled *Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and Retirement System v. Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft, et al.*, alleging, inter alia, that the Firm, together with a number of other financial institution defendants, violated U.S. antitrust laws in connection with their alleged effort to fix prices of gilts traded in the United States between 2009 and 2013. On September 28, 2023, the defendants filed a joint motion to dismiss the complaint, which has been fully briefed.

Other

On August 13, 2021, the plaintiff in *Camelot Event Driven Fund, a Series of Frank Funds Trust v. Morgan Stanley & Co. LLC, et al.* filed in the Supreme Court of the State of New York, New York County (“Supreme Court of NY”) a purported class action complaint alleging violations of the federal securities laws against ViacomCBS (“Viacom”), certain of its officers and directors, and the underwriters, including the Firm, of two March 2021 Viacom offerings: a \$1.7 billion Viacom Class B Common Stock offering and a \$1 billion offering of 5.75% Series A Mandatory Convertible Preferred Stock (collectively, the “Offerings”). The complaint alleges, inter alia, that the Viacom offering documents for both issuances contained material omissions because they did not disclose that certain of the underwriters, including the Firm, had prime brokerage relationships and/or served as counterparties to certain derivative transactions with Archegos Capital Management LP, (“Archegos”), a fund with significant exposure to Viacom securities across multiple prime brokers. The complaint, which seeks, among other things, unspecified compensatory damages, alleges that the offering documents did not adequately disclose the risks associated with Archegos’s concentrated Viacom positions at the various prime brokers, including that the unwind of those positions could have a deleterious impact on the stock price of Viacom. On November 5, 2021, the complaint was amended to add allegations that defendants failed to disclose that certain underwriters, including the Firm, had intended to unwind Archegos’s Viacom positions while simultaneously distributing the Offerings. On February 6, 2023, the court issued a decision denying the motions to dismiss as to the Firm and the other underwriters, but granted the motion to dismiss as to Viacom and the Viacom individual defendants. On February 15, 2023, the underwriters, including the Firm, filed their notices of appeal of the denial of their motions to dismiss. On March 10, 2023, the plaintiff appealed the dismissal of Viacom and the individual Viacom defendants. On April 4, 2024, the Appellate Division upheld the lower court’s decision as to the Firm and other underwriter defendants that had prime brokerage relationships and/or served as counterparties to certain derivative transactions with Archegos, dismissed the remaining underwriters, and upheld the dismissal of Viacom and its officers and directors. On July 25, 2024, the Appellate Division denied the plaintiff’s and the Firm’s respective motions for leave to reargue or appeal the April 4, 2024 decision. On January 4, 2024, the court granted the plaintiff’s motion for class certification. On February 14,

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2024, the defendants filed their notice of appeal of the court’s grant of class certification.

On May 17, 2013, the plaintiff in *IKB International S.A. in Liquidation, et al. v. Morgan Stanley, et al.* filed a complaint against the Firm and certain affiliates in the Supreme Court of NY. The complaint alleges that defendants made material misrepresentations and omissions in the sale to plaintiff of certain mortgage pass-through certificates backed by securitization trusts containing residential mortgage loans. The total amount of certificates allegedly sponsored, underwritten and/or sold by the Firm to plaintiffs was approximately \$133 million. The complaint alleges causes of action against the Firm for common law fraud, fraudulent concealment, aiding and abetting fraud, and negligent misrepresentation, and seeks, among other things, compensatory and punitive damages. On October 29, 2014, the court granted in part and denied in part the Firm’s motion to dismiss. All claims regarding four certificates were dismissed. After these dismissals, the remaining amount of certificates allegedly issued by the Firm or sold to plaintiffs by the Firm was approximately \$116 million. On August 11, 2016, the Appellate Division affirmed the trial court’s order denying in part the Firm’s motion to dismiss the complaint. On July 15, 2022, the Firm filed a motion for summary judgment on all remaining claims. On March 1, 2023, the court granted in part and denied in part the Firm’s motion for summary judgment, narrowing the alleged misrepresentations at issue in the case. On March 26, 2024, the Appellate Division affirmed the trial court’s summary judgment order. On October 1, 2024, trial is scheduled to begin.

The Firm has been named in two putative class actions regarding cash sweep programs for retail clients. On February 1, 2024, E*TRADE Securities LLC (E*TRADE) and Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC (MSSB) were named in *Burmin, et al. v. E*TRADE Securities LLC, et al.*, filed in the United States District Court for the District of New Jersey, alleging that, from February 2018 to present, E*TRADE (and post-merger MSSB) breached customer agreements by failing to pay a reasonable rate of interest to Individual Retirement Account holders on cash balances swept to affiliate bank deposit programs. A motion to dismiss is pending. On June 14, 2024, MSSB and other Firm entities were named in *Estate of Sherlip, et al. v. Morgan Stanley, et al.*, filed in the United States District Court for the SDNY, alleging the defendants failed to pay a reasonable rate of interest to brokerage, retirement, and advisory account holders on cash balances swept to affiliate bank deposit programs. The class action complaints seek, among other relief, certification of the class of plaintiffs and unspecified damages.

Since April 2024, the Firm has been engaged with and is responding to requests for information from the Enforcement Division of the SEC regarding advisory account cash balances swept to affiliate bank deposit programs and compliance with the Investment Advisers Act of 1940.

14. Variable Interest Entities and Securitization Activities

Consolidated VIE Assets and Liabilities by Type of Activity

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
	VIE Assets	VIE Liabilities	VIE Assets	VIE Liabilities
MABS ¹	\$ 711	\$ 258	\$ 597	\$ 256
Investment vehicles ²	817	539	753	502
MTOB	667	619	582	520
Other	389	96	378	97
Total	\$ 2,584	\$ 1,512	\$ 2,310	\$ 1,375

MTOB—Municipal tender option bonds
 1. Amounts include transactions backed by residential mortgage loans, commercial mortgage loans and other types of assets, including consumer or commercial assets and may be in loan or security form. The value of assets is determined based on the fair value of the liabilities and the interests owned by the Firm in such VIEs as the fair values for the liabilities and interests owned are more observable.
 2. Amounts include investment funds and CLOs.

Consolidated VIE Assets and Liabilities by Balance Sheet Caption

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
	Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	182	\$	164
Trading assets at fair value		2,073		1,557
Investment securities		274		492
Securities purchased under agreements to resell		33		67
Customer and other receivables		20		26
Other assets		2		4
Total	\$	2,584	\$	2,310
Liabilities				
Trading liabilities at fair value	\$	4	\$	—
Other secured financings		1,322		1,222
Other liabilities and accrued expenses		123		121
Borrowings		63		32
Total	\$	1,512	\$	1,375
Noncontrolling interests	\$	52	\$	54

Consolidated VIE assets and liabilities are presented in the previous tables after intercompany eliminations. Generally, most assets owned by consolidated VIEs cannot be removed unilaterally by the Firm and are not available to the Firm while the related liabilities issued by consolidated VIEs are non-recourse to the Firm. However, in certain consolidated VIEs, the Firm either has the unilateral right to remove assets or provides additional recourse through derivatives such as total return swaps, guarantees or other forms of involvement.

In general, the Firm’s exposure to loss in consolidated VIEs is limited to losses that would be absorbed on the VIE net assets recognized in its financial statements, net of amounts absorbed by third-party variable interest holders.

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

Non-consolidated VIEs

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024				
	MABS ¹	CDO	MTOB	OSF	Other ²
VIE assets (UPB)	\$163,588	\$2,518	\$3,325	\$3,106	\$58,886
Maximum exposure to loss³					
Debt and equity interests	\$ 25,651	\$ 122	\$ —	\$ 2,302	\$10,446
Derivative and other contracts	—	—	2,196	—	4,147
Commitments, guarantees and other	5,464	—	—	—	155
Total	\$ 31,115	\$ 122	\$ 2,196	\$ 2,302	\$14,748
Carrying value of variable interests—Assets					
Debt and equity interests	\$ 25,651	\$ 122	\$ —	\$ 1,910	\$10,446
Derivative and other contracts	—	—	4	—	1,564
Total	\$ 25,651	\$ 122	\$ 4	\$ 1,910	\$12,010
Additional VIE assets owned ⁴					\$15,108
Carrying value of variable interests—Liabilities					
Derivative and other contracts	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 412
Total	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 2	\$ —	\$ 412

\$ in millions	At December 31, 2023				
	MABS ¹	CDO	MTOB	OSF	Other ²
VIE assets (UPB)	\$144,906	\$1,526	\$3,152	\$3,102	\$50,052
Maximum exposure to loss³					
Debt and equity interests	\$ 21,203	\$ 52	\$ —	\$ 2,049	\$ 9,076
Derivative and other contracts	—	—	2,092	—	4,452
Commitments, guarantees and other	3,439	—	—	—	55
Total	\$ 24,642	\$ 52	\$ 2,092	\$ 2,049	\$13,583
Carrying value of variable interests—Assets					
Debt and equity interests	\$ 21,203	\$ 52	\$ —	\$ 1,682	\$ 9,075
Derivative and other contracts	—	—	2	—	1,330
Total	\$ 21,203	\$ 52	\$ 2	\$ 1,682	\$10,405
Additional VIE assets owned ⁴					\$15,002
Carrying value of variable interests—Liabilities					
Derivative and other contracts	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 3	\$ —	\$ 452

1. Amounts include transactions backed by residential mortgage loans, commercial mortgage loans and other types of assets, including consumer or commercial assets, and may be in loan or security form.
2. Other primarily includes exposures to commercial real estate property and investment funds.
3. Where notional amounts are utilized in quantifying the maximum exposure related to derivatives, such amounts do not reflect changes in fair value recorded by the Firm.
4. Additional VIE assets owned represents the carrying value of total exposure to non-consolidated VIEs for which the maximum exposure to loss is less than specific thresholds, primarily interests issued by securitization SPEs. The Firm's maximum exposure to loss generally equals the fair value of the assets owned. These assets are primarily included in Trading assets and Investment securities and are measured at fair value (see Note 4). The Firm does not provide additional support in these transactions through contractual facilities, guarantees or similar derivatives.

The previous tables include VIEs sponsored by unrelated parties, as well as VIEs sponsored by the Firm; examples of the Firm's involvement with these VIEs include its secondary market-making activities and the securities held in its Investment securities portfolio (see Note 7).

The Firm's maximum exposure to loss is dependent on the nature of the Firm's variable interest in the VIE and is limited to the notional amounts of certain liquidity facilities and other credit support, total return swaps and written put options, as well as the fair value of certain other derivatives and investments the Firm has made in the VIE.

The Firm's maximum exposure to loss in the previous tables does not include the offsetting benefit of hedges or any

reductions associated with the amount of collateral held as part of a transaction with the VIE or any party to the VIE directly against a specific exposure to loss.

Liabilities issued by VIEs generally are non-recourse to the Firm.

Detail of Mortgage- and Asset-Backed Securitization Assets

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
	UPB	Debt and Equity Interests	UPB	Debt and Equity Interests
Residential mortgages	\$ 15,888	\$ 3,395	\$ 17,346	\$ 3,355
Commercial mortgages	79,211	9,050	74,590	8,342
U.S. agency collateralized mortgage obligations	44,289	6,825	42,917	6,675
Other consumer or commercial loans	24,200	6,381	10,053	2,831
Total	\$ 163,588	\$ 25,651	\$ 144,906	\$ 21,203

Transferred Assets with Continuing Involvement

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024			
	RML	CML	U.S. Agency CMO	CLN and Other ¹
SPE assets (UPB) ²⁻³	\$ 4,764	\$ 74,725	\$ 17,686	\$ 12,431
Retained interests				
Investment grade	\$ 141	\$ 650	\$ 1,095	\$ —
Non-investment grade	108	768	—	78
Total	\$ 249	\$ 1,418	\$ 1,095	\$ 78
Interests purchased in the secondary market³				
Investment grade	\$ 10	\$ 35	\$ 46	\$ —
Non-investment grade	9	13	14	—
Total	\$ 19	\$ 48	\$ 60	\$ —
Derivative assets	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,270
Derivative liabilities	—	—	—	413

\$ in millions	At December 31, 2023			
	RML	CML	U.S. Agency CMO	CLN and Other ¹
SPE assets (UPB) ²⁻³	\$ 4,333	\$ 73,818	\$ 12,083	\$ 12,438
Retained interests				
Investment grade	\$ 149	\$ 653	\$ 460	\$ —
Non-investment grade	83	788	—	69
Total	\$ 232	\$ 1,441	\$ 460	\$ 69
Interests purchased in the secondary market³				
Investment grade	\$ 20	\$ 22	\$ 42	\$ —
Non-investment grade	—	16	—	—
Total	\$ 20	\$ 38	\$ 42	\$ —
Derivative assets	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,073
Derivative liabilities	—	—	—	426

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

\$ in millions	Fair Value At June 30, 2024		
	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Retained interests			
Investment grade	\$ 1,172	\$ —	\$ 1,172
Non-investment grade	8	73	81
Total	\$ 1,180	\$ 73	\$ 1,253
Interests purchased in the secondary market³			
Investment grade	\$ 88	\$ 3	\$ 91
Non-investment grade	27	9	36
Total	\$ 115	\$ 12	\$ 127
Derivative assets	\$ 1,270	\$ —	\$ 1,270
Derivative liabilities	413	—	413
	Fair Value at December 31, 2023		
\$ in millions	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Retained interests			
Investment grade	\$ 576	\$ —	\$ 576
Non-investment grade	10	56	66
Total	\$ 586	\$ 56	\$ 642
Interests purchased in the secondary market³			
Investment grade	\$ 77	\$ 7	\$ 84
Non-investment grade	12	4	16
Total	\$ 89	\$ 11	\$ 100
Derivative assets	\$ 1,073	\$ —	\$ 1,073
Derivative liabilities	426	—	426

RML—Residential mortgage loans

CML—Commercial mortgage loans

1. Amounts include CLO transactions managed by unrelated third parties.

2. Amounts include assets transferred by unrelated transferors.

3. Amounts include transactions where the Firm also holds retained interests as part of the transfer.

The previous tables include transactions with SPEs in which the Firm, acting as principal, transferred financial assets with continuing involvement and received sales treatment. The transferred assets are carried at fair value prior to securitization, and any changes in fair value are recognized in the income statement. The Firm may act as underwriter of the beneficial interests issued by these securitization vehicles, for which Investment banking revenues are recognized. The Firm may retain interests in the securitized financial assets as one or more tranches of the securitization. Certain retained interests are carried at fair value in the balance sheet with changes in fair value recognized in the income statement. Fair value for these interests is measured using techniques that are consistent with the valuation techniques applied to the Firm's major categories of assets and liabilities as described in Note 2 in the 2023 Form 10-K and Note 4 herein. Further, as permitted by applicable guidance, certain transfers of assets where the Firm's only continuing involvement is a derivative are only reported in the following Assets Sold with Retained Exposure table.

Proceeds from New Securitization Transactions and Sales of Loans

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
New transactions ¹	\$ 9,717	\$ 3,605	\$ 16,599	\$ 6,126
Retained interests	2,091	1,077	4,191	2,652

1. Net gains on new transactions and sales of corporate loans to CLO entities at the time of the sale were not material for all periods presented.

The Firm has provided, or otherwise agreed to be responsible for, representations and warranties regarding certain assets transferred in securitization transactions sponsored by the Firm (see Note 13).

Assets Sold with Retained Exposure

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Gross cash proceeds from sale of assets ¹	\$ 81,873	\$ 60,766
Fair value		
Assets sold	\$ 83,567	\$ 62,221
Derivative assets recognized in the balance sheet	2,104	1,546
Derivative liabilities recognized in the balance sheet	417	93

1. The carrying value of assets derecognized at the time of sale approximates gross cash proceeds.

The Firm enters into transactions in which it sells securities, primarily equities, and contemporaneously enters into bilateral OTC derivatives with the purchasers of the securities, through which it retains exposure to the sold securities.

For a discussion of the Firm's VIEs, the determination and structure of VIEs and securitization activities, see Note 15 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

15. Regulatory Requirements

Regulatory Capital Framework and Requirements

For a discussion of the Firm's regulatory capital framework, see Note 16 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

The Firm is required to maintain minimum risk-based and leverage-based capital ratios under regulatory capital requirements. A summary of the calculations of regulatory capital and RWA follows.

Risk-Based Regulatory Capital. Risk-based capital ratio requirements apply to Common Equity Tier 1 ("CET1") capital, Tier 1 capital and Total capital (which includes Tier 2 capital), each as a percentage of RWA, and consist of regulatory minimum required ratios plus the Firm's capital buffer requirement. Capital requirements require certain adjustments to, and deductions from, capital for purposes of determining these ratios. At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, the differences between the actual and required ratios were lower under the Standardized Approach.

CECL Deferral. Beginning on January 1, 2020, the Firm elected to defer the effect of the adoption of CECL on its risk-based and leverage-based capital amounts and ratios, as well as RWA, adjusted average assets and supplementary leverage exposure calculations, over a five-year transition period. The deferral impacts began to phase in at 25% per year from January 1, 2022 and are phased-in at 75% from January 1,

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

2024. The deferral impacts will become fully phased-in beginning on January 1, 2025.

Capital Buffer Requirements

	At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023	
	Standardized	Advanced
Capital buffers		
Capital conservation buffer	—	2.5%
SCB	5.4%	N/A
G-SIB capital surcharge	3.0%	3.0%
CCyB ¹	0%	0%
Capital buffer requirement	8.4%	5.5%

1. The CCyB can be set up to 2.5%, but is currently set by the Federal Reserve at zero.

The capital buffer requirement represents the amount of Common Equity Tier 1 capital the Firm must maintain above the minimum risk-based capital requirements in order to avoid restrictions on the Firm's ability to make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends and the repurchase of stock, and to pay discretionary bonuses to executive officers. The Firm's capital buffer requirement computed under the standardized approaches for calculating credit risk and market risk RWA ("Standardized Approach") is equal to the sum of the SCB, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB, and the capital buffer requirement computed under the applicable advanced approaches for calculating credit risk, market risk and operational risk RWA ("Advanced Approach") is equal to the sum of the 2.5% capital conservation buffer, G-SIB capital surcharge and CCyB.

Risk-Based Regulatory Capital Ratio Requirements

	Regulatory Minimum	At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023	
		Standardized	Advanced
Required ratios¹			
CET1 capital ratio	4.5%	12.9%	10.0%
Tier 1 capital ratio	6.0%	14.4%	11.5%
Total capital ratio	8.0%	16.4%	13.5%

1. Required ratios represent the regulatory minimum plus the capital buffer requirement.

The Firm's Regulatory Capital and Capital Ratios

Risk-based capital

\$ in millions	Standardized	
	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Risk-based capital		
CET1 capital	\$ 71,791	\$ 69,448
Tier 1 capital	80,513	78,183
Total capital	92,240	88,874
Total RWA	472,102	456,053
Risk-based capital ratio		
CET1 capital	15.2%	15.2%
Tier 1 capital	17.1%	17.1%
Total capital	19.5%	19.5%
Required ratio¹		
CET1 capital	12.9%	12.9%
Tier 1 capital	14.4%	14.4%
Total capital	16.4%	16.4%

1. Required ratios are inclusive of any buffers applicable as of the date presented.

Leveraged-based capital

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
	Leveraged-based capital			
Adjusted average assets ¹	\$ 1,185,506	\$ 1,159,626		
Supplementary leverage exposure ²	1,473,391	1,429,552		
Leveraged-based capital ratio				
Tier 1 leverage	6.8%	6.7%		
SLR	5.5%	5.5%		
Required ratio³				
Tier 1 leverage	4.0%	4.0%		
SLR	5.0%	5.0%		

1. Adjusted average assets represents the denominator of the Tier 1 leverage ratio and is composed of the average daily balance of consolidated on-balance sheet assets for the quarters ending on the respective balance sheet dates, reduced by disallowed goodwill, intangible assets, investments in covered funds, defined benefit pension plan assets, after-tax gain on sale from assets sold into securitizations, investments in our own capital instruments, certain deferred tax assets and other capital deductions.

2. Supplementary leverage exposure is the sum of Adjusted average assets used in the Tier 1 leverage ratio and other adjustments, primarily: (i) for derivatives, potential future exposure and the effective notional principal amount of sold credit protection offset by qualifying purchased credit protection; (ii) the counterparty credit risk for repo-style transactions; and (iii) the credit equivalent amount for off-balance sheet exposures.

3. Required ratios are inclusive of any buffers applicable as of the date presented.

U.S. Bank Subsidiaries' Regulatory Capital and Capital Ratios

The OCC establishes capital requirements for the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries, and evaluates their compliance with such capital requirements. Regulatory capital requirements for the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries are calculated in a similar manner to the Firm's regulatory capital requirements, although G-SIB capital surcharge and SCB requirements do not apply to the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries.

The OCC's regulatory capital framework includes Prompt Corrective Action ("PCA") standards, including "well-capitalized" PCA standards that are based on specified regulatory capital ratio minimums. For the Firm to remain an FHC, its U.S. Bank Subsidiaries must remain well-capitalized in accordance with the OCC's PCA standards. In addition,

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failure by the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries to meet minimum capital requirements may result in certain mandatory and discretionary actions by regulators that, if undertaken, could have a direct material effect on the U.S. Bank Subsidiaries' and the Firm's financial statements.

At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, MSBNA and MSPBNA risk-based capital ratios are based on the Standardized Approach rules. Beginning on January 1, 2020, MSBNA and MSPBNA elected to defer the effect of the adoption of CECL on risk-based capital amounts and ratios, as well as RWA, adjusted average assets and supplementary leverage exposure calculations, over a five-year transition period. The deferral impacts began to phase in at 25% per year from January 1, 2022 and are phased-in at 75% from January 1, 2024. The deferral impacts will become fully phased-in beginning on January 1, 2025.

MSBNA's Regulatory Capital

\$ in millions	Well-Capitalized Requirement	Required Ratio ¹	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
			Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Risk-based capital						
CET1 capital	6.5 %	7.0 %	\$ 23,263	22.2 %	\$ 21,925	21.7 %
Tier 1 capital	8.0 %	8.5 %	23,263	22.2 %	21,925	21.7 %
Total capital	10.0 %	10.5 %	24,163	23.0 %	22,833	22.6 %
Leverage-based capital						
Tier 1 leverage	5.0 %	4.0 %	\$ 23,263	11.2 %	\$ 21,925	10.6 %
SLR	6.0 %	3.0 %	23,263	8.4 %	21,925	8.2 %

MSPBNA's Regulatory Capital

\$ in millions	Well-Capitalized Requirement	Required Ratio ¹	At June 30, 2024		At December 31, 2023	
			Amount	Ratio	Amount	Ratio
Risk-based capital						
CET1 capital	6.5 %	7.0 %	\$ 16,541	26.9 %	\$ 15,388	25.8 %
Tier 1 capital	8.0 %	8.5 %	16,541	26.9 %	15,388	25.8 %
Total capital	10.0 %	10.5 %	16,844	27.4 %	15,675	26.3 %
Leverage-based capital						
Tier 1 leverage	5.0 %	4.0 %	\$ 16,541	8.1 %	\$ 15,388	7.5 %
SLR	6.0 %	3.0 %	16,541	7.8 %	15,388	7.2 %

1. Required ratios are inclusive of any buffers applicable as of the date presented. Failure to maintain the buffers would result in restrictions on the ability to make capital distributions, including the payment of dividends.

Additionally, MSBNA is conditionally registered with the SEC as a security-based swap dealer and is registered with the CFTC as a swap dealer. However, as MSBNA is prudentially regulated as a bank, its capital requirements continue to be determined by the OCC.

Other Regulatory Capital Requirements

MS&Co. Regulatory Capital

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Net capital	\$ 18,298	\$ 18,121
Excess net capital	13,791	13,676

MS&Co. is registered as a broker-dealer and a futures commission merchant with the SEC and the CFTC,

respectively, and is registered as a swap dealer with the CFTC.

As an Alternative Net Capital broker-dealer, and in accordance with Securities Exchange Act of 1934 ("Exchange Act") Rule 15c3-1, Appendix E, MS&Co. is subject to minimum net capital and tentative net capital requirements and operates with capital in excess of its regulatory capital requirements. As a futures commission merchant and registered swap dealer, MS&Co. is subject to CFTC capital requirements. In addition, MS&Co. must notify the SEC if its tentative net capital falls below certain levels. At June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, MS&Co. exceeded its net capital requirement and had tentative net capital in excess of the minimum and notification requirements.

Other Regulated Subsidiaries

Certain other subsidiaries are also subject to various regulatory capital requirements. Such subsidiaries include the following, each of which operated with capital in excess of their respective regulatory capital requirements as of June 30, 2024 and December 31, 2023, as applicable:

- MSSB,
- MSIP,
- MSESE,
- MSMS,
- MSCS, and
- MSCG

See Note 16 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K for further information.

16. Total Equity

Preferred Stock

\$ in millions, except per share data	Shares Outstanding		Carrying Value	
	At June 30, 2024	Liquidation Preference per Share	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Series				
A	44,000	\$ 25,000	\$ 1,100	\$ 1,100
C ¹	519,882	1,000	408	408
E	34,500	25,000	862	862
F	34,000	25,000	850	850
I	40,000	25,000	1,000	1,000
K	40,000	25,000	1,000	1,000
L	20,000	25,000	500	500
M	400,000	1,000	430	430
N	3,000	100,000	300	300
O	52,000	25,000	1,300	1,300
P	40,000	25,000	1,000	1,000
Total			\$ 8,750	\$ 8,750
Shares authorized				30,000,000

1. Series C preferred stock is held by MUFG.

For a description of Series A through Series P preferred stock, see Note 17 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K. The Firm's preferred stock has a preference over its

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common stock upon liquidation. The Firm's preferred stock qualifies as and is included in Tier 1 capital in accordance with regulatory capital requirements (see Note 15).

Share Repurchases

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Repurchases of common stock under the Firm's Share Repurchase Authorization	\$ 750	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,750	\$ 2,500

On June 28, 2024, the Firm announced that its Board of Directors reauthorized a multi-year repurchase program of up to \$20 billion of outstanding common stock, without a set expiration date, beginning in the third quarter of 2024, which will be exercised from time to time as conditions warrant. For more information on share repurchases, see Note 17 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

On July 30, 2024, the Firm issued 40 million depository shares of Series Q Preferred Stock, for an aggregate price of \$1.0 billion. Each depository share represents a 1/1000th interest in a share of 6.625% Non-Cumulative Preferred Stock, Series Q, \$0.01 par value ("Series Q Preferred Stock"). The Series Q Preferred Stock is redeemable at the Firm's option, (i) in whole or in part, from time to time, on any dividend payment date on or after October 15, 2029 or (ii) in whole but not in part at any time within 90 days following a regulatory capital treatment event (as described in the terms of this series), in each case at a redemption price of \$25,000 per share (equivalent to \$25 per depository share). The Series Q Preferred Stock also has a preference over the Firm's common stock upon liquidation and qualifies as Tier 1 capital.

Common Shares Outstanding for Basic and Diluted EPS

in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Weighted average common shares outstanding, basic	1,594	1,635	1,597	1,640
Effect of dilutive RSUs and PSUs	17	16	17	17
Weighted average common shares outstanding and common stock equivalents, diluted	1,611	1,651	1,614	1,657
Weighted average antidilutive common stock equivalents (excluded from the computation of diluted EPS)	—	5	—	4

Dividends

\$ in millions, except per share data	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024		Three Months Ended June 30, 2023	
	Per Share ¹	Total	Per Share ¹	Total
Preferred stock series				
A	\$ 398	\$ 18	\$ 377	\$ 17
C	25	13	25	13
E	450	16	445	16
F	434	14	430	15
I	398	16	398	16
K	366	14	366	14
L	305	6	305	6
N ³	2,285	7	2,051	6
O	266	14	266	14
P	406	16	406	16
Total Preferred stock	\$ 3,377	\$ 134	\$ 3,377	\$ 133
Common stock	\$ 0.850	\$ 1,377	\$ 0.775	\$ 1,292

\$ in millions, except per share data	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024		Six Months Ended June 30, 2023	
	Per Share ¹	Total	Per Share ¹	Total
Preferred stock series				
A	\$ 790	\$ 35	\$ 720	\$ 32
C	50	26	50	26
E	896	31	891	31
F	869	29	859	29
I	797	32	797	32
K	731	29	731	29
L	609	12	609	12
M ²	29	12	29	12
N ³	4,511	14	4,701	14
O	531	28	531	28
P	813	32	813	32
Total Preferred stock	\$ 10,000	\$ 280	\$ 10,000	\$ 277
Common stock	\$ 1.70	\$ 2,767	\$ 1.55	\$ 2,597

1. Common and Preferred Stock dividends are payable quarterly unless otherwise noted.
2. Series M is payable semiannually until September 15, 2026 and thereafter will be payable quarterly.
3. Series N was payable semiannually until March 15, 2023 and thereafter is payable quarterly.

Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income (Loss)¹

\$ in millions	CTA	AFS Securities	Pension and Other	DVA	Cash Flow Hedges	Total
March 31, 2024	\$(1,265)	\$(3,026)	\$(591)	\$(2,163)	\$(12)	\$(7,057)
OCI during the period	(90)	109	9	269	—	297
June 30, 2024	\$(1,355)	\$(2,917)	\$(582)	\$(1,894)	\$(12)	\$(6,760)
March 31, 2023	\$(1,172)	\$(3,680)	\$(509)	\$(353)	3	\$(5,711)
OCI during the period	(27)	(21)	(1)	(520)	(20)	(589)
June 30, 2023	\$(1,199)	\$(3,701)	\$(510)	\$(873)	\$(17)	\$(6,300)
December 31, 2023	\$(1,153)	\$(3,094)	\$(595)	\$(1,595)	16	\$(6,421)
OCI during the period	(202)	177	13	(299)	(28)	(339)
June 30, 2024	\$(1,355)	\$(2,917)	\$(582)	\$(1,894)	\$(12)	\$(6,760)
December 31, 2022	\$(1,204)	\$(4,192)	\$(508)	\$(345)	(4)	\$(6,253)
OCI during the period	5	491	(2)	(528)	(13)	(47)
June 30, 2023	\$(1,199)	\$(3,701)	\$(510)	\$(873)	\$(17)	\$(6,300)

1. Amounts are net of tax and noncontrolling interests.

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Components of Period Changes in OCI

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024				
	Pre-tax Gain (Loss)	Income Tax Benefit (Provision)	After-tax Gain (Loss)	Non-controlling Interests	Net
CTA					
OCI activity	\$ (59)	\$ (83)	\$ (142)	\$ (52)	\$ (90)
Reclassified to earnings	—	—	—	—	—
Net OCI	\$ (59)	\$ (83)	\$ (142)	\$ (52)	\$ (90)
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities					
OCI activity	\$ 150	\$ (35)	\$ 115	—	\$ 115
Reclassified to earnings	(7)	1	(6)	—	(6)
Net OCI	\$ 143	\$ (34)	\$ 109	\$ —	\$ 109
Pension and other					
OCI activity	\$ 5	—	\$ 5	—	\$ 5
Reclassified to earnings	5	(1)	4	—	4
Net OCI	\$ 10	\$ (1)	\$ 9	\$ —	\$ 9
Change in net DVA					
OCI activity	\$ 355	\$ (86)	\$ 269	6	\$ 263
Reclassified to earnings	7	(1)	6	—	6
Net OCI	\$ 362	\$ (87)	\$ 275	\$ 6	\$ 269
Change in fair value of cash flow hedge derivatives					
OCI activity	\$ (12)	\$ 3	\$ (9)	—	\$ (9)
Reclassified to earnings	12	(3)	9	—	9
Net OCI	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30, 2023				
	Pre-tax Gain (Loss)	Income Tax Benefit (Provision)	After-tax Gain (Loss)	Non-controlling Interests	Net
CTA					
OCI activity	\$ (88)	\$ (23)	\$ (111)	\$ (84)	\$ (27)
Reclassified to earnings	—	—	—	—	—
Net OCI	\$ (88)	\$ (23)	\$ (111)	\$ (84)	\$ (27)
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities					
OCI activity	\$ (38)	\$ 10	\$ (28)	—	\$ (28)
Reclassified to earnings	10	(3)	7	—	7
Net OCI	\$ (28)	\$ 7	\$ (21)	\$ —	\$ (21)
Pension and other					
OCI activity	\$ (1)	—	\$ (1)	—	\$ (1)
Reclassified to earnings	—	—	—	—	—
Net OCI	\$ (1)	\$ —	\$ (1)	\$ —	\$ (1)
Change in net DVA					
OCI activity	\$ (704)	\$ 171	\$ (533)	(11)	\$ (522)
Reclassified to earnings	3	(1)	2	—	2
Net OCI	\$ (701)	\$ 170	\$ (531)	(11)	\$ (520)
Change in fair value of cash flow hedge derivatives					
OCI activity	\$ (25)	\$ 4	\$ (21)	—	\$ (21)
Reclassified to earnings	2	(1)	1	—	1
Net OCI	\$ (23)	\$ 3	\$ (20)	\$ —	\$ (20)

\$ in millions	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024				
	Pre-tax Gain (Loss)	Income Tax Benefit (Provision)	After-tax Gain (Loss)	Non-controlling Interests	Net
CTA					
OCI activity	\$ (129)	\$ (186)	\$ (315)	\$ (113)	\$ (202)
Reclassified to earnings	—	—	—	—	—
Net OCI	\$ (129)	\$ (186)	\$ (315)	\$ (113)	\$ (202)
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities					
OCI activity	\$ 282	\$ (67)	\$ 215	—	\$ 215
Reclassified to earnings	(50)	12	(38)	—	(38)
Net OCI	\$ 232	\$ (55)	\$ 177	\$ —	\$ 177
Pension and other					
OCI activity	\$ 5	—	\$ 5	—	\$ 5
Reclassified to earnings	10	(2)	8	—	8
Net OCI	\$ 15	\$ (2)	\$ 13	\$ —	\$ 13
Change in net DVA					
OCI activity	\$ (396)	\$ 94	\$ (302)	11	\$ (313)
Reclassified to earnings	17	(3)	14	—	14
Net OCI	\$ (379)	\$ 91	\$ (288)	\$ 11	\$ (299)
Change in fair value of cash flow hedge derivatives					
OCI activity	\$ (59)	\$ 14	\$ (45)	—	\$ (45)
Reclassified to earnings	23	(6)	17	—	17
Net OCI	\$ (36)	\$ 8	\$ (28)	\$ —	\$ (28)

\$ in millions	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023				
	Pre-tax Gain (Loss)	Income Tax Benefit (Provision)	After-tax Gain (Loss)	Non-controlling Interests	Net
CTA					
OCI activity	\$ (98)	\$ 7	\$ (91)	\$ (96)	\$ 5
Reclassified to earnings	—	—	—	—	—
Net OCI	\$ (98)	\$ 7	\$ (91)	\$ (96)	\$ 5
Change in net unrealized gains (losses) on AFS securities					
OCI activity	\$ 672	\$ (157)	\$ 515	—	\$ 515
Reclassified to earnings	(31)	7	(24)	—	(24)
Net OCI	\$ 641	\$ (150)	\$ 491	\$ —	\$ 491
Pension and other					
OCI activity	\$ (1)	—	\$ (1)	—	\$ (1)
Reclassified to earnings	(1)	—	(1)	—	(1)
Net OCI	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$ (2)	\$ —	\$ (2)
Change in net DVA					
OCI activity	\$ (734)	\$ 181	\$ (553)	(18)	\$ (535)
Reclassified to earnings	9	(2)	7	—	7
Net OCI	\$ (725)	\$ 179	\$ (546)	(18)	\$ (528)
Change in fair value of cash flow hedge derivatives					
OCI activity	\$ (18)	\$ 3	\$ (15)	—	\$ (15)
Reclassified to earnings	3	(1)	2	—	2
Net OCI	\$ (15)	\$ 2	\$ (13)	\$ —	\$ (13)

**Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
(Unaudited)**

17. Interest Income and Interest Expense

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Interest income				
Cash and cash equivalents ¹	\$ 733	\$ 810	\$ 1,636	1,553
Investment securities	1,277	850	2,474	1,868
Loans	3,483	3,045	6,787	5,855
Securities purchased under agreements to resell ²	3,011	1,829	5,542	3,306
Securities borrowed ³	1,358	1,370	2,735	2,541
Trading assets, net of Trading liabilities	1,531	934	2,913	1,851
Customer receivables and Other ^{1,4}	2,136	2,075	4,372	3,919
Total interest income	\$ 13,529	\$ 10,913	\$ 26,459	\$ 20,893
Interest expense				
Deposits	\$ 2,551	\$ 1,946	\$ 5,026	\$ 3,521
Borrowings	3,327	2,770	6,551	5,274
Securities sold under agreements to repurchase ⁵	2,723	1,452	5,127	2,669
Securities loaned ⁶	269	203	493	367
Customer payables and Other ^{4,7}	2,592	2,532	5,399	4,706
Total interest expense	\$ 11,462	\$ 8,903	\$ 22,596	\$ 16,537
Net interest	\$ 2,067	\$ 2,010	\$ 3,863	\$ 4,356

- In the fourth quarter of 2023, interest bearing Cash and cash equivalents and related interest were presented separately for the first time. The prior period amounts for Customer receivables and Other have been disaggregated to exclude Cash and cash equivalents to align with the current presentation.
- Includes interest paid on Securities purchased under agreements to resell.
- Includes fees paid on Securities borrowed.
- Certain prior period amounts have been adjusted to conform with the current period presentation. This adjustment resulted in a decrease to both interest income and interest expense of \$1,135 million and \$2,025 million for the three months and six months ended, June 30, 2023, respectively. There was no change to net interest income for the Institutional Securities segment. See Note 2 for additional information.
- Includes interest received on Securities sold under agreements to repurchase.
- Includes fees received on Securities loaned.
- Includes fees received from Equity Financing customers related to their short transactions, which can be under either margin or securities lending arrangements.

Interest income and Interest expense are classified in the income statement based on the nature of the instrument and related market conventions. When included as a component of the instrument's fair value, interest is included within Trading revenues or Investments revenues. Otherwise, it is included within Interest income or Interest expense.

Accrued Interest

\$ in millions	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Customer and other receivables	\$ 5,375	\$ 4,206
Customer and other payables	5,337	4,360

18. Income Taxes

The Firm is routinely under examination by the IRS and other tax authorities in certain countries, such as Japan and the U.K., and in states and localities in which it has significant business operations, such as New York.

The Firm believes that the resolution of these tax examinations will not have a material effect on the annual financial statements, although a resolution could have a

material impact in the income statement and on the effective tax rate for any period in which such resolutions occur.

It is reasonably possible that significant changes in the balance of unrecognized tax benefits may occur within the next 12 months. At this time, however, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the expected change to the total amount of unrecognized tax benefits and the impact on the Firm's effective tax rate over the next 12 months.

19. Segment, Geographic and Revenue Information

Selected Financial Information by Business Segment

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30, 2024				
	IS	WM	IM	I/E	Total
Investment banking	\$ 1,619	\$ 150	\$ —	\$ (34)	\$ 1,735
Trading	4,047	76	(3)	11	4,131
Investments	54	24	79	—	157
Commissions and fees ¹	684	556	—	(57)	1,183
Asset management ^{1,2}	160	3,989	1,342	(67)	5,424
Other	120	199	4	(1)	322
Total non-interest revenues	6,684	4,994	1,422	(148)	12,952
Interest income	9,911	4,026	27	(435)	13,529
Interest expense	9,613	2,228	63	(442)	11,462
Net interest	298	1,798	(36)	7	2,067
Net revenues	\$ 6,982	\$ 6,792	\$ 1,386	\$ (141)	\$ 15,019
Provision for credit losses	\$ 54	\$ 22	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 76
Compensation and benefits	2,291	3,601	568	—	6,460
Non-compensation expenses	2,591	1,348	596	(126)	4,409
Total non-interest expenses	\$ 4,882	\$ 4,949	\$ 1,164	\$ (126)	\$ 10,869
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 2,046	\$ 1,821	\$ 222	\$ (15)	\$ 4,074
Provision for income taxes	486	418	56	(3)	957
Net income	1,560	1,403	166	(12)	3,117
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	40	—	1	—	41
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 1,520	\$ 1,403	\$ 165	\$ (12)	\$ 3,076

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Morgan Stanley

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30, 2023				
	IS	WM	IM	I/E	Total
Investment banking	\$ 1,075	\$ 109	\$ —	\$ (29)	\$ 1,155
Trading	3,594	208	(10)	10	3,802
Investments	23	22	50	—	95
Commissions and fees ¹	605	552	—	(67)	1,090
Asset management ^{1,2}	150	3,452	1,268	(53)	4,817
Other	325	161	5	(3)	488
Total non-interest revenues	5,772	4,504	1,313	(142)	11,447
Interest income	7,681	3,700	29	(497)	10,913
Interest expense	7,799	1,544	61	(501)	8,903
Net interest	(118)	2,156	(32)	4	2,010
Net revenues	\$ 5,654	\$ 6,660	\$ 1,281	\$ (138)	\$ 13,457
Provision for credit losses	\$ 97	\$ 64	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 161
Compensation and benefits	2,215	3,503	544	—	6,262
Non-compensation expenses	2,365	1,412	567	(122)	4,222
Total non-interest expenses	\$ 4,580	\$ 4,915	\$ 1,111	\$ (122)	\$ 10,484
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 977	\$ 1,681	\$ 170	\$ (16)	\$ 2,812
Provision for income taxes	176	373	46	(4)	591
Net income	801	1,308	124	(12)	2,221
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	42	—	(3)	—	39
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 759	\$ 1,308	\$ 127	\$ (12)	\$ 2,182

\$ in millions	Six Months Ended June 30, 2024				
	IS	WM	IM	I/E	Total
Investment banking	\$ 3,066	\$ 316	\$ —	\$ (58)	\$ 3,324
Trading	8,630	338	(10)	25	8,983
Investments	103	43	148	—	294
Commissions and fees ¹	1,375	1,161	—	(126)	2,410
Asset management ^{1,2}	317	7,818	2,688	(130)	10,693
Other	244	342	7	(5)	588
Total non-interest revenues	13,735	10,018	2,833	(294)	26,292
Interest income	19,219	7,999	53	(812)	26,459
Interest expense	18,956	4,345	123	(828)	22,596
Net interest	263	3,654	(70)	16	3,863
Net revenues	\$ 13,998	\$ 13,672	\$ 2,763	\$ (278)	\$ 30,155
Provision for credit losses	\$ 56	\$ 14	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 70
Compensation and benefits	4,634	7,389	1,133	—	13,156
Non-compensation expenses	4,911	2,642	1,167	(260)	8,460
Total non-interest expenses	\$ 9,545	\$ 10,031	\$ 2,300	\$ (260)	\$ 21,616
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 4,397	\$ 3,627	\$ 463	\$ (18)	\$ 8,469
Provision for income taxes	968	821	105	(4)	1,890
Net income	3,429	2,806	358	(14)	6,579
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	90	—	1	—	91
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 3,339	\$ 2,806	\$ 357	\$ (14)	\$ 6,488

\$ in millions	Six Months Ended June 30, 2023				
	IS	WM	IM	I/E	Total
Investment banking	\$ 2,322	\$ 213	\$ —	\$ (50)	\$ 2,485
Trading	7,851	435	(26)	19	8,279
Investments	51	38	151	—	240
Commissions and fees ¹	1,319	1,142	—	(132)	2,329
Asset management ^{1,2}	298	6,834	2,516	(103)	9,545
Other	505	243	(1)	(7)	740
Total non-interest revenues	12,346	8,905	2,640	(273)	23,618
Interest income ³	14,549	7,327	58	(1,041)	20,893
Interest expense ³	14,444	3,013	128	(1,048)	16,537
Net interest	105	4,314	(70)	7	4,356
Net revenues	\$ 12,451	\$ 13,219	\$ 2,570	\$ (266)	\$ 27,974
Provision for credit losses	\$ 286	\$ 109	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 395
Compensation and benefits	4,580	6,980	1,112	—	12,672
Non-compensation expenses	4,716	2,737	1,122	(240)	8,335
Total non-interest expenses	\$ 9,296	\$ 9,717	\$ 2,234	\$ (240)	\$ 21,007
Income before provision for income taxes	\$ 2,869	\$ 3,393	\$ 336	\$ (26)	\$ 6,572
Provision for income taxes	539	709	76	(6)	1,318
Net income	2,330	2,684	260	(20)	5,254
Net income applicable to noncontrolling interests	93	—	(1)	—	92
Net income applicable to Morgan Stanley	\$ 2,237	\$ 2,684	\$ 261	\$ (20)	\$ 5,162

- Substantially all revenues are from contracts with customers.
- Includes certain fees that may relate to services performed in prior periods.
- Certain prior period amounts have been adjusted to conform with the current period presentation. This adjustment resulted in a decrease to both interest income and interest expense of \$1,135 million and \$2,025 million for the three months and six months ended, June 30, 2023, respectively. There was no change to net interest income for Institutional Securities segment. See Note 2 for additional information.

For a discussion about the Firm's business segments, see Note 22 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Detail of Investment Banking Revenues

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Institutional Securities Advisory	\$ 592	\$ 455	\$ 1,053	\$ 1,093
Institutional Securities Underwriting	1,027	620	2,013	1,229
Firm Investment banking revenues from contracts with customers	87 %	92 %	89 %	91 %

Trading Revenues by Product Type

\$ in millions	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Interest rate	\$ 1,495	\$ 1,209	\$ 3,321	\$ 2,577
Foreign exchange	269	126	541	388
Equity ¹	2,323	2,403	4,627	4,615
Commodity and other	481	335	1,076	874
Credit	(437)	(271)	(582)	(175)
Total	\$ 4,131	\$ 3,802	\$ 8,983	\$ 8,279

- Dividend income is included within equity contracts.

The previous table summarizes realized and unrealized gains and losses primarily related to the Firm's Trading assets and

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

liabilities, from derivative and non-derivative financial instruments, included in Trading revenues in the income statement. The Firm generally utilizes financial instruments across a variety of product types in connection with its market-making and related risk management strategies. The trading revenues presented in the table are not representative of the manner in which the Firm manages its business activities and are prepared in a manner similar to the presentation of trading revenues for regulatory reporting purposes.

Investment Management Investments Revenues—Net Cumulative Unrealized Carried Interest

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Net cumulative unrealized performance-based fees at risk of reversing	\$ 799	\$ 787

The Firm's portion of net cumulative performance-based fees in the form of unrealized carried interest, for which the Firm is not obligated to pay compensation, is at risk of reversing when the return in certain funds fall below specified performance targets. See Note 13 for information regarding general partner guarantees, which include potential obligations to return performance fee distributions previously received.

Investment Management Asset Management Revenues—Reduction of Fees Due to Fee Waivers

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Fee waivers	\$ 25	\$ 28	\$ 46	\$ 46

The Firm waives a portion of its fees in the Investment Management business segment from certain registered money market funds that comply with the requirements of Rule 2a-7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Certain Other Fee Waivers

Separately, the Firm's employees, including its senior officers, may participate on the same terms and conditions as other investors in certain funds that the Firm sponsors primarily for client investment, and the Firm may waive or lower applicable fees and charges for its employees.

Other Expenses—Transaction Taxes

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Transaction taxes	\$ 235	\$ 247	\$ 441	\$ 461

Transaction taxes are composed of securities transaction taxes and stamp duties, which are levied on the sale or purchase of securities listed on recognized stock exchanges in certain markets. These taxes are imposed mainly on trades of equity securities in Asia and EMEA. Similar transaction taxes are

levied on trades of listed derivative instruments in certain countries.

Net Revenues by Region

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Americas	\$ 11,268	\$ 10,394	\$ 22,835	\$ 21,185
EMEA	1,871	1,500	3,697	3,237
Asia	1,880	1,563	3,623	3,552
Total	\$ 15,019	\$ 13,457	\$ 30,155	\$ 27,974

For a discussion about the Firm's geographic net revenues, see Note 22 to the financial statements in the 2023 Form 10-K.

Revenues Recognized from Prior Services

<i>\$ in millions</i>	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2024	2023	2024	2023
Non-interest revenues	\$ 549	\$ 469	\$ 984	\$ 1,060

The previous table includes revenues from contracts with customers recognized where some or all services were performed in prior periods. These revenues primarily include investment banking advisory fees.

Receivables from Contracts with Customers

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Customer and other receivables	\$ 2,569	\$ 2,339

Receivables from contracts with customers, which are included within Customer and other receivables in the balance sheet, arise when the Firm has both recorded revenues and the right per the contract to bill the customer.

Assets by Business Segment

<i>\$ in millions</i>	At June 30, 2024	At December 31, 2023
Institutional Securities	\$ 824,972	\$ 810,506
Wealth Management	369,735	365,168
Investment Management	17,740	18,019
Total¹	\$ 1,212,447	\$ 1,193,693

1. Parent assets have been fully allocated to the business segments.

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